

SNAPSHOT OF 2018 ARRIVALS IN EUROPE FROM

ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN







DISCLAIMER

This report was produced with the financial assistance of the European Union (EU) and the Department for International Development (DFID) of the British Government. Data was collected through IOM's DFID funded project Phase II of the Safety, Support and Solution Programme in the Central Mediterranean through the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Flow Monitoring activities in Europe. This report is part of the outputs under the EU-funded project "Regional Evidence for Migration Analysis and Policy (REMAP)". The objective of DTM REMAP is to strengthen the evidence-based formulation and implementation of humanitarian and development policy and programming on migration and forced displacement in Afghanistan, Bangladesh, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq and Pakistan through the use of the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM). The findings, interpretations and conclusions expressed in this report can in no way be taken to reflect the official opinion of IOM, its Member States, the European Union, the British Government or other donors. The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the work do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries.

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OVERVIEW

The surveys with migrants en route are part of the IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) data collection activities in West and Central Africa, East and Horn of Africa, Libya and Europe (Albania, Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Greece, Hungary, Italy, North Macedonia, Montenegro, Romania and Spain), that are conducted within the framework of IOM's research on populations on the move through Africa, the Mediterranean and Western Balkan. For this specific study, data was collected in 2018 in Greece, North Macedonia, Albania, Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Italy and Spain.

The purpose of Flow Monitoring (FM) as a component of IOM's DTM is to improve our understanding of profiles, migration routes and migration drivers of populations on the move by collecting data on population movements at points strategically selected inside a country, a region or across different regions. FM also contributes to expanding relevant actors' awareness of immediate and medium term needs of these populations, informing humanitarian and resilience programs as well as possible reintegration and development strategies in the communities of origin or other areas. Migrants on the move are interviewed by IOM field teams; the surveys collect information on migrants' profiles, including age, sex, areas of origin, levels of education and employment status before migration, key transit points on their route, cost of the journey and reasons for moving and intentions.

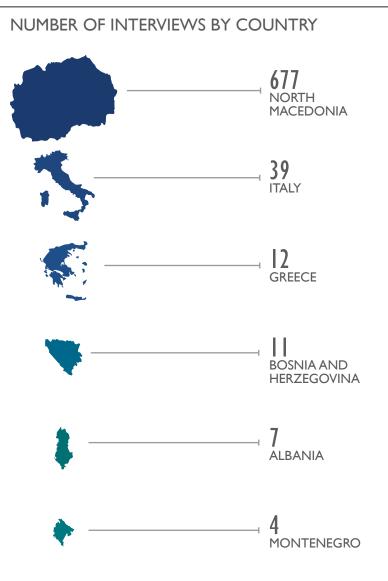
The present brief highlights some of the main characteristics of migrants from the Islamic Republic of Iran interviewed in Europe in 2018.

STATISTICAL NOTES

Asterisks (*) throughout the report signify a statistic that represents fewer than 10 people.

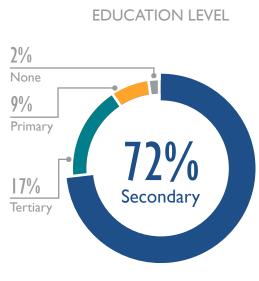


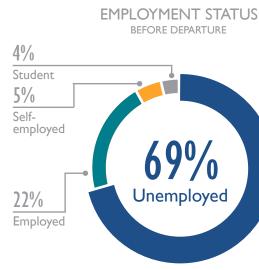
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

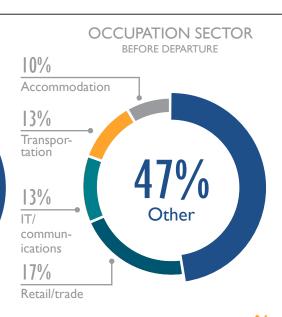




SOCIOECONOMIC PROFILE

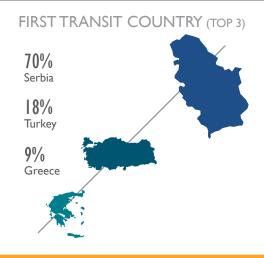


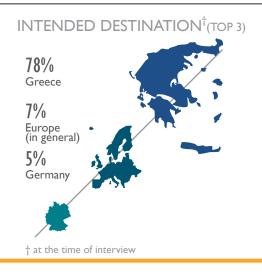




WHERE: MIGRATION ROUTES

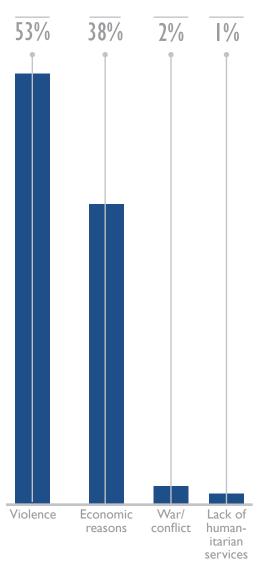


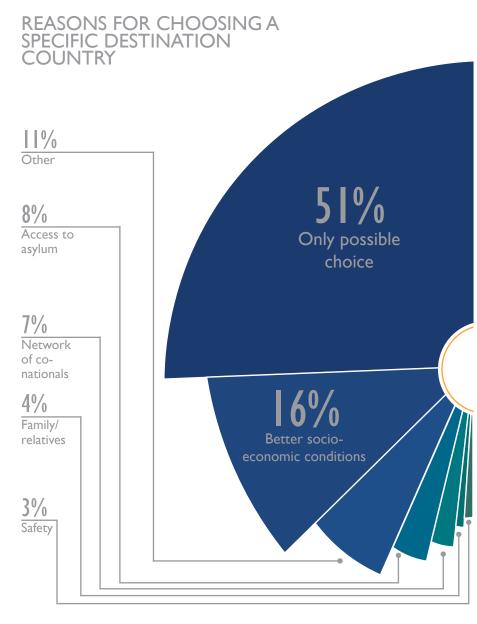




WHY: REASONS AND DRIVERS







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HOW: CONDITIONS OF THE JOURNEY

