

COVID-19 IMPACT IN LIBYA

Quarterly Snapshot **January - March 2021**

COVID-19 STATUS

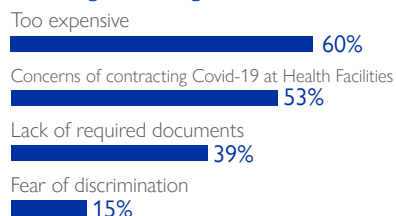
Source: National Center for Disease Control (NCDC), 31 March 2021



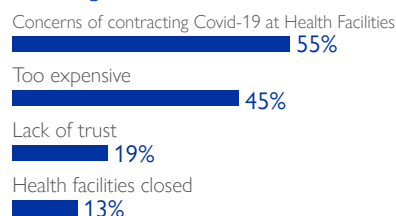
HEALTH

Main challenges reported related to access to health facilities:

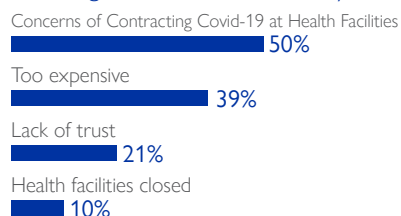
Challenges for Migrants



Challenges for IDPs



Challenges for Host Community



Covid-19 Vaccine Update

In the first week of April, the first shipments of COVID-19 vaccines reportedly arrived in Libya as the competent authorities are preparing the vaccine roll-out.

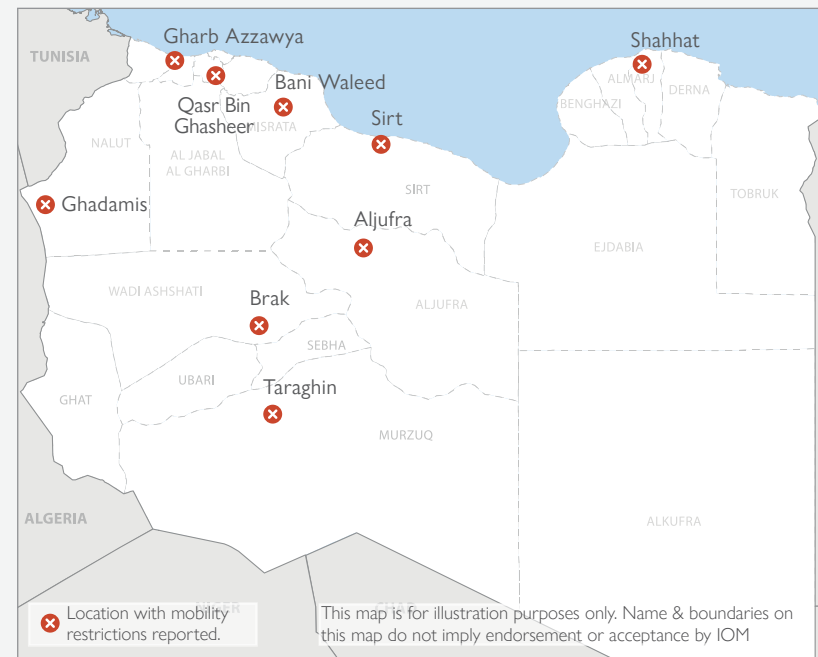
Migrants' Livelihoods

Jobs were reported to be sufficiently available for migrants in 79% of the assessed municipalities. Migrant unemployment rate is 22%.

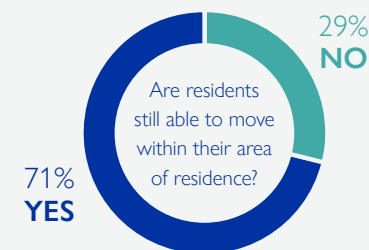


MOBILITY RESTRICTIONS

As a result of the significant number of Covid-19 cases, mobility restrictions were put in place by local authorities in several locations to limit the spread of the virus:



Nonetheless, in most of the locations where restrictions were announced (71%), residents were reported to still be able to adequately move within their area of residence to carry on with their daily lives.



*Data obtained through interviews carried out in 38 municipalities across Libya between 01 and 31 March 2021 through 62 Key Informant Interviews (KIIs).

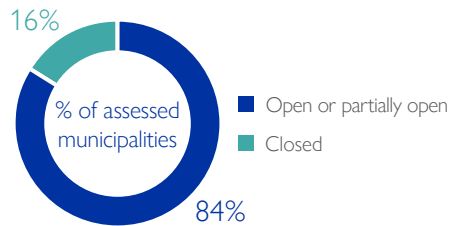
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EDUCATION

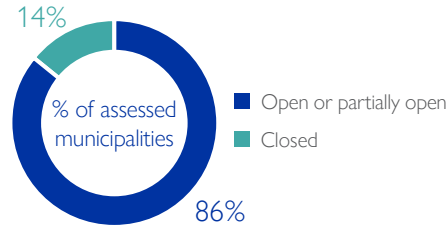
Public Schools Status

(Primary, secondary and high schools)

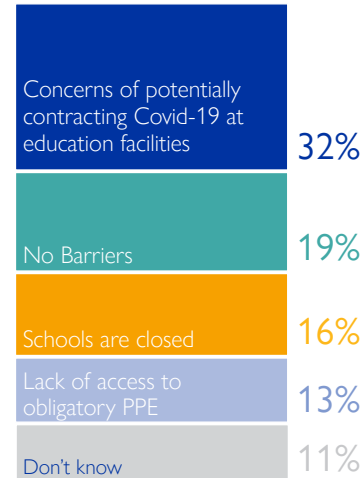


Private Schools Status

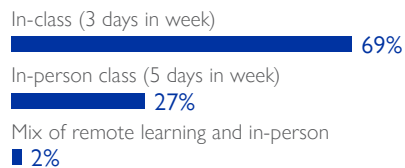
(Primary, secondary and high schools)



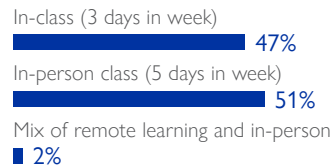
Main challenges reported related to access to education facilities:



Education Method

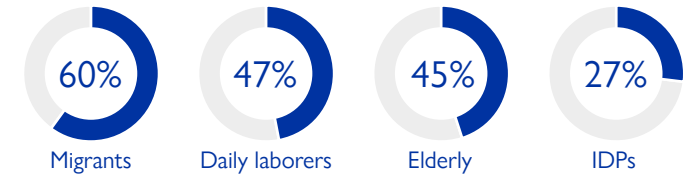


Education Method



COVID-19 IMPACT

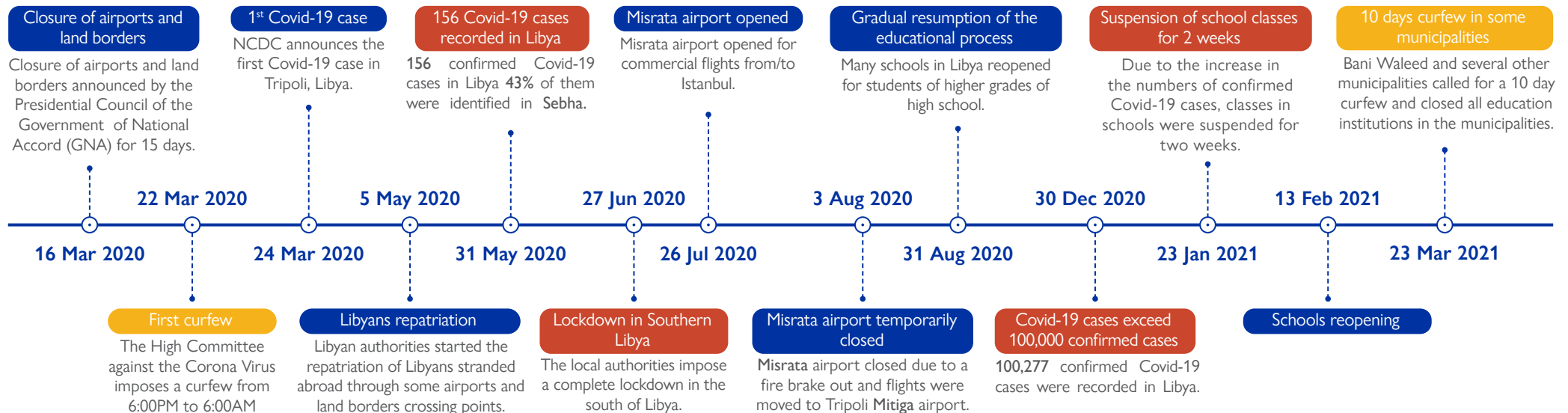
60% of the interviewed key informants reported that migrants were the most impacted group by the COVID-19 pandemic as shown below:



Consequences of Covid-19 Impact



COVID-19 TIMELINE



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Project Funded by The European Union