DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)

CHAD — LAC PROVINCE

DASHBOARD #14

<u>Data collection:</u> Feb. – March 2021 | Round 14 Date of publication: April 2021

Assessment method

Displacement overview

Demographic profile

In-person interviews 96%

457,797 Individuals 101,369 Households



228 Locations assessed (+10 compared to round 13)

171 sites

57 host communities



5 Individuals per household on average

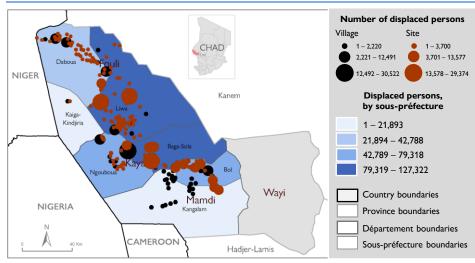


8% Elderly (aged 60 +)



52% Minors





Disclaimer: The maps included in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM. Geographic coordinates of villages and sites were collected during field assessments. For the locations which were assessed remotely, the geographic coordinates were taken from the previous round.

Number of displaced persons, by sous-préfecture

Département	Sous-préfecture	# IDPs	# Returnees from abroad	# Returnees – Former IDPs	Total number of displaced persons	Change since round 13
Fouli	Daboua	30,496	4,609	7,683	42,788	-2%
	Kaiga-Kindjiria	6,542	766	280	7,588	-50%
	Liwa	119,673	6,999	650	127,322	+15%
Total Fouli		156,711	12,374		177,698	+5%
Kaya	Baga-Sola	96,019	14,539	159	110,717	+75%
	Ngouboua	75,645	645	3,028	79,318	-2%
Total Kaya			15,184		190,035	+32%
Mamdi	Bol	61,002	1,886	5,283	68,171	+14%
	Kangalam	12,134	716	9,043	21,893	+10%
Total Mamdi		73,136	2,602	14,326	90,064	+13%
Total Lac Province 40°		401,511	30,160	26,126	457,797	+16%

Context and methodology

Since 2015, Chad has been the target of repeated attacks by armed groups conducting an insurgency in the Lake Chad Basin (Cameroon, Chad, Niger, Nigeria), which have caused significant internal and cross-border population displacements. In Chad, IOM has been implementing the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) since May 2015 in Lac Province to gather updates on the number, profiles and needs of populations displaced due to the crisis, in order to inform humanitarian and development programmes. This dashboard presents key results from DTM assessments carried out with key informants between 17 February and 17 March 2021 in 228 displacement locations.

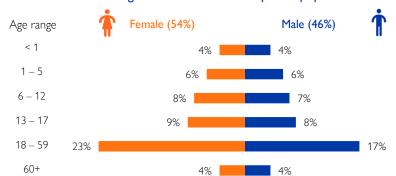
During this round of data collection, the number of displaced persons increased by 16 per cent as compared to round 13. This increase can be explained by the continued worsening of security conditions since the end of 2020, mainly in the sous-préfectures of Kangalam and Ngouboua. Insecurity forced many individuals to flee their homes, notably towards the sous-préfecture of Baga-Sola, where the identified displaced population increased by 75 per cent as compared to round 13. In addition, key informants indicated that 21,000 individuals moved from one location to another in order to increase their chances to access humanitarian assistance. Nine locations host more than 10,000 individuals (see page 2). The concentration of displaced persons in certain locations could be further exacerbated, depending on the availability of assistance in these locations.



401,511 Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)
30,160 Returnees from abroad

26,126 Returnees – Former IDPs

Sex and age distribution of the displaced population



DTM ACTIVITIES IN LAC PROVINCE ARE SUPPORTED BY:







INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM)

Contact: dtmtchad@iom.int — https://displacement.iom.int/chad — https://dtm.iom.int/chad When quoting paraphrasing or in any way using the information mentioned in this report the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration (IOM) [Month Year] Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".



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Periods and reasons for displacement and return

Internally Displaced Persons Reason for first displacement 94% Armed attacks Preventive displacement / Fear 3%

Floods / Rising water levels



Reason for return	
Armed attacks	89%
Looking for livelihood opportunities	9%
Preventive displacement / Fear	1%
Floods / Drought	<1%

Returnees - Former IDPs Looking for livelihood 61% opportunities Looking for better 39% security conditions

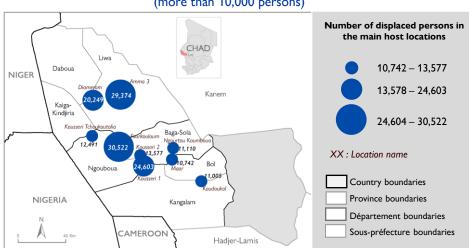




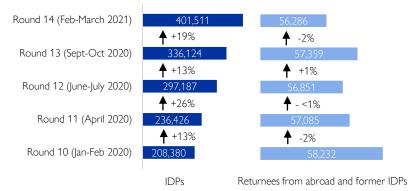


Assessed locations hosting the largest number of displaced persons (more than 10,000 persons)

3%



Changes in the number of displaced persons identified in the last 5 rounds





75% of displaced persons live in displacement sites

25% of displaced persons live in host communities

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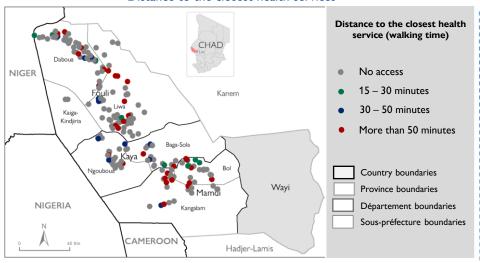
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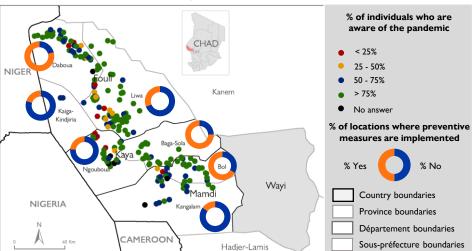


53 confirmed COVID-19 cases in Lac Province as of 23 March 2021 (including 50 recoveries and 3 deaths). No cases have been identified among displaced populations.

Distance to the closest health services

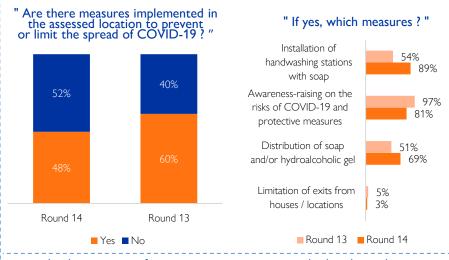


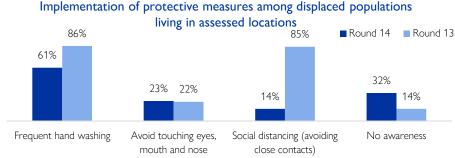
Awareness of COVID-19 and preventive measures taken in assessed locations



General awareness of COVID-19 in assessed locations

Estimated level of COVID-19 awareness	% of locations		
Estimated level of COVID-17 awai elless	Round 14	Round 13	
Everyone is aware (> 75%)	65%	69%	
Most individuals are aware (50 – 75%)	23%	13%	
Less than half of individuals are aware (25 – 50%)	4%	8%	
None or very few are aware (< 25%)	5%	4%	
Does not know / No answer	3%	6%	





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