

## **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)**

LAKE CHAD BASIN • Monthly dashboard #30 • 30 March 2021

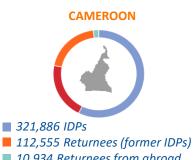
Context: The crisis currently affecting the Lake Chad Basin states results from a complex combination of factors, including conflict with Non-State Armed Groups, extreme poverty, underdevelopment and a changing climate, which together have triggered significant displacement of populations. As of 30 March 2021, Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria were hosting an estimated 5,194,988 affected individuals made up of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees (both in- and out-of-camp), Returnees (Former IDPs and Returnees from abroad) and Third Country Nationals (TCNs). 75 per cent of the affected population (representing 3,893,150 individuals) were located in Nigeria, while 11 per cent resided in Cameroon (561,665 individuals), 9 per cent in Chad (474,028 individuals) and 5 per cent in Niger (266,145 individuals).



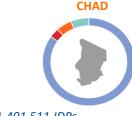








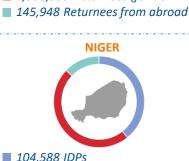
- 10,934 Returnees from abroad
- 116,290 Refugees



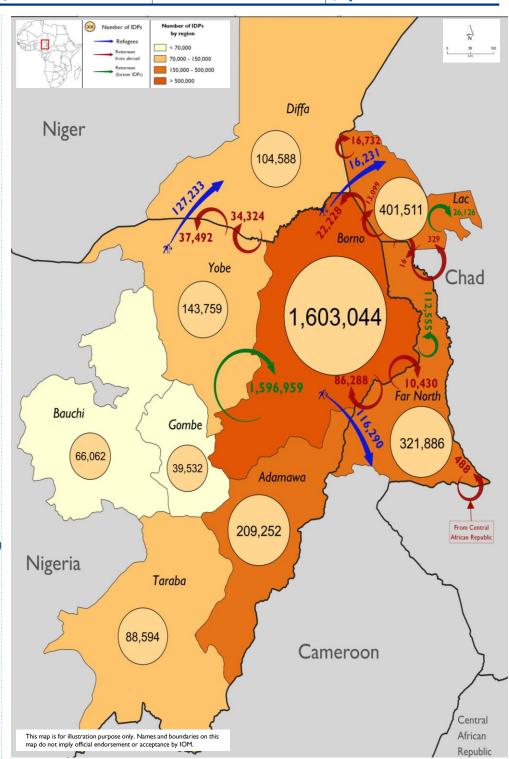
- **401,511 IDPs**
- 26,126 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 30,160 Returnees from abroad
- 16,231 Refugees



- **2,150,243 IDPs**
- 1,596,959 Returnees (former IDPs)



- 104,588 IDPs
- 34,324 Returnees from abroad
- **■** 127,233 Refugees



Sources and dates: DTM Cameroon (Round 21 - June 2020), DTM Chad (Round 14 - March 2021), DTM Nigeria (Round XXXV - December 2020), Government of Niger (31/01/2021), DREC-M/R/UNHCR Niger (February 2021), UNHCR Cameroon (28/02/2021), CNARR & UNHCR (28/02/2021).









