



# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

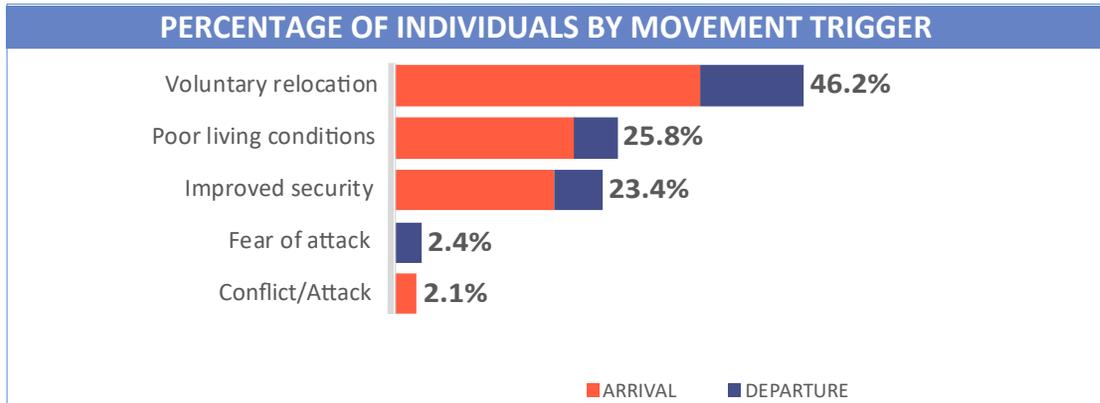
## ETT Report: No. 214 | 08 - 14 March 2021

MOVEMENTS	NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS
<p><b>Arrivals:</b> 2,045 individuals</p> <p><b>Departures:</b> 669 individuals</p>	<p><b>221</b> Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition</p> <p><b>MUAC category of screened children</b></p> <p>Green: 214   Yellow: 6   Red: 1</p>

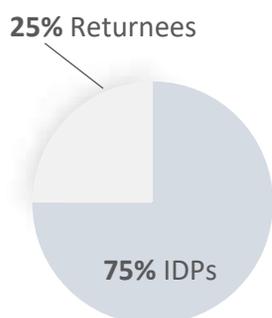
In the states Borno and Adamawa, a total of 2,714 movements were recorded, comprising 2,045 arrivals and 669 departures, between 08 and 14 March 2021. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Damboa, Gwoza, Hawul, Mobbar and Monguno Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected state of Borno. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Bama, Damboa, Gwoza, Kala/Balge and Madagali LGAs of Borno; Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Numan, Song and Yola North LGAs of Adamawa.

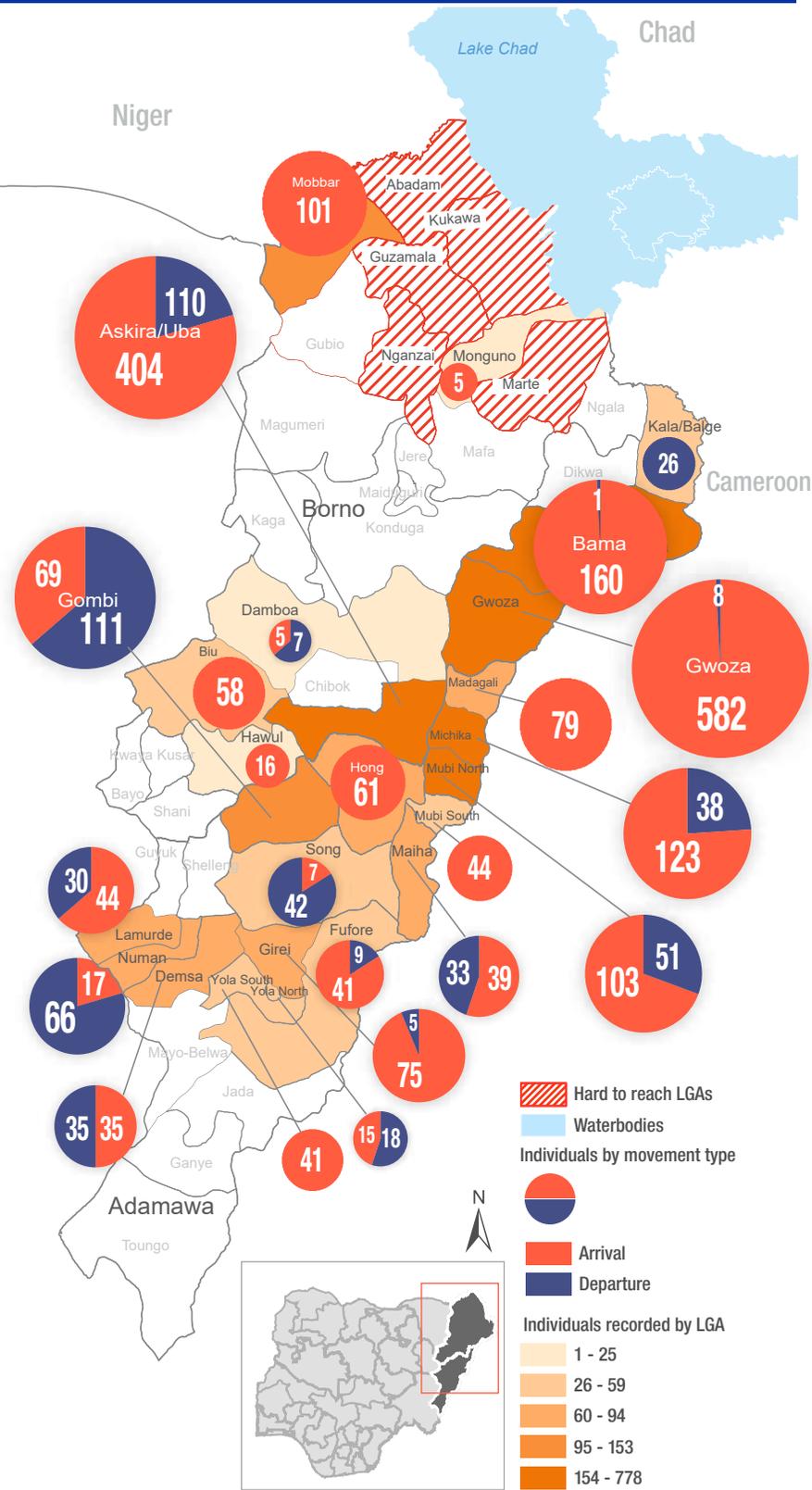
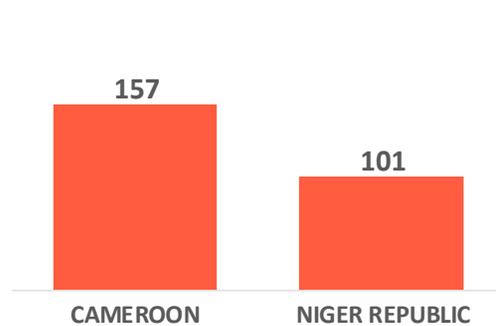
ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (1,256 individuals or 46.2%), poor living conditions (701 individuals or 25.8%), improved security (635 individuals or 23.4%), fear of attack (64 individuals or 2.4%), conflict/attack (58 individuals or 2.1%).



### Affected Population



### Arrivals from neighbouring Countries



\* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

## SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

**Gwoza:** 582 arrivals and 8 departures were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 351 individuals from Abuja Municipal Area Council of the Federal Capital Territory, 90 individuals from Marwa region in Cameroon, 60 individuals from Fufore LGA, 19 individuals from Girei and Hong LGAs of Adamawa State respectively, 22 individuals from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, 19 individuals from Jere and 2 individuals from Gwoza LGAs of Borno State. The departures included 7 individuals to Gwoza and 1 individual to Bama LGAs of Borno State. Sixty-four per cent of the movements recorded were voluntary relocation and 34 per cent relocated as a result of poor living conditions.

**Askira/Uba:** 404 arrivals and 110 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 183 individuals from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, 133 individuals from Askira/Uba and 88 individuals from Biu LGAs of Borno State. The departures included 48 individuals to Chibok, 38 individuals to Damboa LGAs of Borno State, 11 individuals to Gombi, 10 individuals to Hong and 3 individuals to Michika LGAs of Adamawa State. Fifty-five per cent relocated as a result of improved security situation in areas of origin, 33 per cent relocated due to poor living conditions, 9 per cent relocated due to fear of attack and 3 per cent relocated voluntarily.

**Gombi:** 69 arrivals and 111 departures were recorded in Gombi LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals recorded were 37 individuals from Song, 21 individuals from Hong LGAs of Adamawa State and 11 individuals from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The departures included 42 individuals to Michika, 36 individuals to Girei, 16 individuals to Fufore, 10 individuals to Hong and 7 individuals to Yola North LGAs of Adamawa State. Fifty-nine per cent of the movements recorded were voluntary relocation while 41 per cent of the movements were triggered by improved security situation in areas of origin.

**Bama:** 160 arrivals and 1 departure were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 67 individuals from Marwa region in Cameroon, 48 individuals from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council and 45 individuals from Bama LGAs of Borno State. The departure recorded was 1 individual to Gwoza LGA of Borno State. Seventy-two per cent of the movements recorded were voluntary relocation and 28 per cent of the movements occurred as a result of poor living conditions.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

## NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 221 children of 6-59 months. Of the 221 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 1 child was recorded in the red category, 6 children in the yellow category and 214 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the 4 LGAs assessed.

The results also included 65 children who arrived from neighbouring countries (8 in Bama, 32 in Gwoza and 25 in Mobbar). Of all the 65 children measured, 1 was recorded in the red category, 63 in the green category and the remaining 1 in the yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	5	29	2	3	0	0	39
Gwoza	0	153	0	0	0	1	154
Mobbar	0	24	0	1	0	0	25
Damboa	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>221</b>

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

**Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 22 persons are listed below**

Tracking location			Movement location			ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	GRAND TOTAL
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD			
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DEMSA	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	NASSARAWA DEMSA	23	-	23
	GIREI	GERENG	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BILLE	39	-	39
		WURO DOLE	ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GARKIDA	36	-	36
	GOMBI	GARKIDA	ADAMAWA	GIREI	WURO DOLE	-	36	36
		GOMBI NORTH	ADAMAWA	SONG	SONG GARI	25	-	25
	HONG	BANGSHIKA	ADAMAWA	HONG	GARAHA	29	-	29
	LAMURDE	WADUKU	ADAMAWA	GUYUK	DUMNA	24	-	24
					BOSHIKIRI	-	30	30
	MICHIKA	GARTA/GHUMCHI	ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GOMBI NORTH	42	-	42
		MINKISI/WURO NGIKI	ADAMAWA	YOLA SOUTH	BOLE/YOLDE PATE	66	-	66
	MUBI NORTH	DIGIL	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	34	-	34
		KOLERE	ADAMAWA	HONG	HILDI	-	37	37
		SABON LAYI	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	MICHIKA I	26	-	26
				MUBI NORTH	BAHULI	22	-	22
MUBI SOUTH	NASARAWO	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	MADAGALI	24	-	24	
SONG	SONG GARI	ADAMAWA	HONG	GARAHA	-	25	25	
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA EAST	BORNO	DAMBOA	GUMSURI/MISAKURBUDU	-	38	38
		CHUL/RUMIRGO		CHIBOK	KAUTIKARI	-	48	48
		MUSSA		ASKIRA UBA	WAMDEO/GIWI	133	-	133
		NGOHI		MAIDUGURI M.C	GAMBORU LIBERTY	183	-	183
		NGULDE		BIU	DUGJA	88	-	88
	BAMA	BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE	BORNO	MAIDUGURI M.C	BOLORI I	48	-	48
		SHEHURI/HAUSARI/MAIRI	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	67	-	67
	BIU		BORNO	BAMA	DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBER	29	-	29
		DUGJA	BORNO	BIU	GUR	58	-	58
	GWOZA	GWOZA TOWN GADAMAYO	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	PARIYA	26	-	26
		GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	BORNO	MAIDUGURI M.C	MAISANDARI	34	-	34
		PULKA/BOKKO	BORNO	MAIDUGURI M.C	MAISANDARI	22	-	22
			CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	90	-	90
			ABUJA	AMAC	GARKI	351	-	351
MOBBAR	DAMASAK CENTRAL	NIGER	DIFFA	SHETTIMARI	101	-	101	

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

\* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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DTM information products: <http://dtm.iom.int/nigeria>

