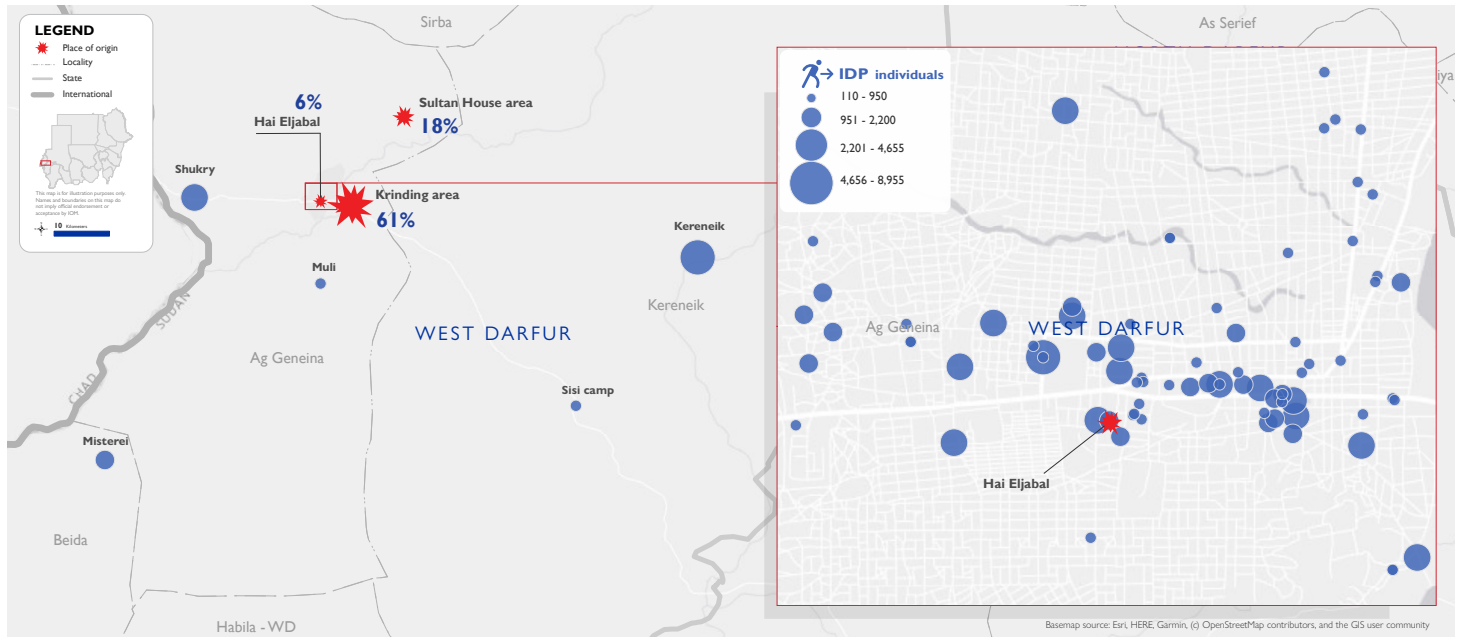




The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan ([Round One](#)), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

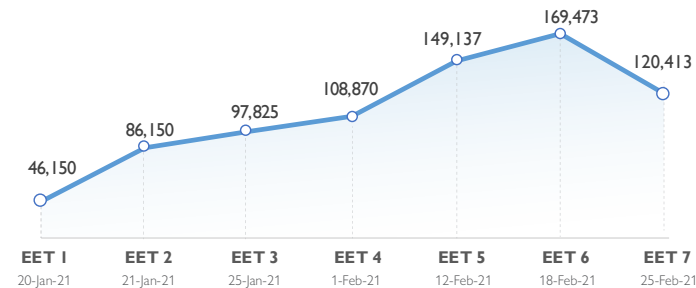


## Event Overview



DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal conflict between Masalit and Arab tribes. Clashes erupted on 16 January 2021 in the Krinding area of Ag Geneina town, West Darfur. For more information, please see [EET\\_Ag Geneina, West Darfur 006](#).

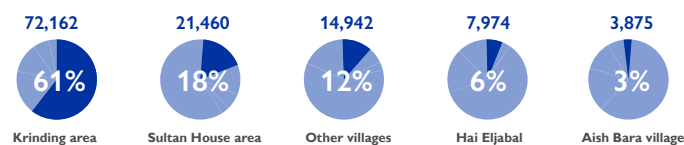
The seventh update estimates a total number of 120,413 individuals (24,856 households) seeking shelter in Ag Geneina and its surrounding villages, having been displaced from Krinding area (61%), Sultan House area (18%) and other villages nearby (21%). Since the sixth update, there has been a 29 per cent decrease in the captured number of individuals displaced, including a decrease of 610 individuals (1%) in Ag Geneina town due to ongoing verification by DTM field teams. Following the reopening of access routes to and from Ag Geneina town, the Inter Sector Coordination Group (ISCG) conducted an inter-agency assessment mission to El Salam and Umshejira villages to verify the classification of the affected caseloads (21,000 and 19,000 individuals respectively). The findings indicate these caseloads were displaced/affected by insecurities prior to the recent conflict,<sup>1</sup> and were therefore removed from this EET series. Furthermore, 8,450 individuals have departed Muli village to return to their place of origin due to security improvements.



Graph 1: Number of IDPs by Emergency Event Tracking Date

\* Data illustrated in Graph 1 depicts the increasing caseload of IDPs as they were found, not as they were displaced.

### Places of Origin<sup>4</sup>



All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 15,962 individuals are reported to have additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support.<sup>2</sup> DTM's protection indicators have also been expanded capturing 2,614 female-headed households and 1,375 child-headed households in this update. DTM teams identified 155 individuals have been killed and 463 sustained injuries, whilst at least 8,608 internally displaced persons (IDPs) have lost personal belongings and livestock.<sup>3</sup> Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs for the displaced caseload in Ag Geneina town are food, WASH (water, sanitation, and hygiene) and education – indicative of the fluctuating needs following the distribution of humanitarian aid and assistance.

### Displaced Caseload Located Outside of Ag Geneina Town

Displacement sites	# IDP Individuals	# IDP Households
Kereneik	8,955	1,791
Shukry	3,950	790
Misterei	1,350	270
Sisi camp	950	190
Muli	600	120
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>15,805</b>	<b>3,161</b>

With tensions extremely high and volatile, DTM teams are continuing to collect data from the surrounding villages of Ag Geneina from key informants via telephone. As soon as the situation allows, teams will visit these sites of displacement to verify the data and provide best estimates on the entire displaced caseload.

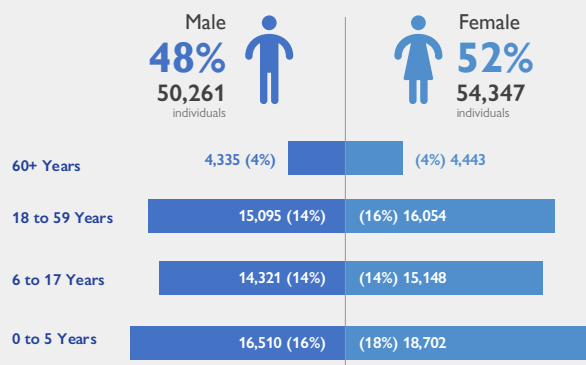
<sup>1</sup> This finding is outlined in the UNOCHA Inter-agency Rapid Needs Assessment Report (draft) shared with partners on 22 February 2021.

<sup>2</sup> Excluding the additional indicators captured in this update, there is a decrease of 587 vulnerability cases pertaining to the decrease of 610 individuals from Ag Geneina town.

<sup>3</sup> Since the sixth EET update, there has been a decrease of eight injuries and 275 IDPs having lost personal belongings and livestock, pertaining to the decrease of 610 individuals from Ag Geneina town.

<sup>4</sup> Included in the Krinding area are the villages of Droti, Um Duwin and Darelnaem, as well as Krinding 1 and Krinding 2 IDP camps. The eighth EET update will disaggregate the Krinding area further into these respective villages/camps.

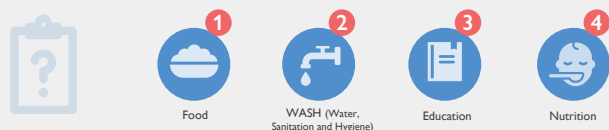
## Demographics



\* Demographics apply only to the caseload of IDPs located in Ag Geneina town (104,608 individuals at present).

## Priority Needs

(Ranking scale)



\* Priority needs apply only to the caseload of IDPs located in Ag Geneina town (104,608 individuals at present).

Through its shelter indicator, DTM identified 22,275 IDP households (90%) sheltering in schools and other public buildings dispersed across Ag Geneina town, as well as Misterei and Muli villages and Sisi camp. The remaining caseload of 2,581 IDP households (10%) are gathering in open areas of Shukry and Kereneik villages.

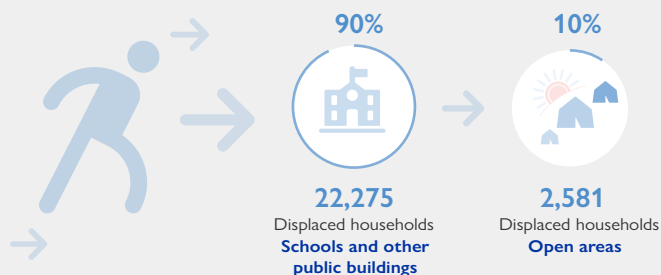
Of the 104,608 IDPs located in Ag Geneina town, 54,347 (52%) are female and 50,261 (48%) are male. Further disaggregation by age indicates 0 to five as the predominant age category (18% female, 16% male), followed by ages 18 to 59 (16% female, 14% male), six to 17 (14% female, 14% male) and 60 and over (4% female, 4% male).

At least 15,962 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of further support and assistance were identified through DTM's protection indicator. Lactating and malnourished individuals made up 20 and 19 per cent respectively, followed by female-headed households (16%), pregnant women (13%), child-headed households (9%), elders providing care to their households (7%), single parents (6%), unaccompanied elders (4%), mental illnesses (2%), physical disabilities (1%) and chronic illnesses (1%). The new data collected on female and child-headed households are consistent with the higher percentage of female (sex) and child (age) demographics observed throughout the EET series.

Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs for the displaced caseload in Ag Geneina town are identified as food, WASH (water, sanitation, and hygiene) and education, relative to the number of displaced children unable to attend school. Changes in priority needs are reflective of ongoing humanitarian aid and assistance distributed in Ag Geneina town.

Data on return intention, demographics, protection indicators and priority needs are subject to further verification through registration activities. Displacement figures collected through this activity are further refined with each data collection round to reduce any discrepancies that may result from the miscorrelation of the EET methodology and that of DTM registration activities linked to direct humanitarian assistance.

## Shelter Indicator



## Vulnerabilities



\* Vulnerabilities apply only to the caseload of IDPs located in Ag Geneina town (104,608 individuals at present).

## Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that all IDPs in Ag Geneina town (100%) intend to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation.

\* Return intentions apply only to the caseload of IDPs located in Ag Geneina town (104,608 individuals at present).

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