

Conflict in Gereida, South Darfur UPDATE 2: 3 FEBRUARY 2021



EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING

Data collection: 26 January - 1 February 2021

The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan (Round One), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

Event Overview





DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal conflict between Falata and Arab tribes in Gereida locality, South Darfur. Tensions erupted in and around Tuel village on 18 January 2021, following a violent assault that occurred the day prior. For more information, please see EET_Gereida, South Darfur_001.

The second update estimates a total number of 9,496 individuals (1,515 households) displaced across Tuel, Dereige, Tulus, Dika and Dagama villages, and seeking shelter in schools, with host communities as well as gathering in open areas (new caseloads have been identified in Dagama and Dika). Since the first EET, there has been a 51 per cent decrease in the number of individuals displaced due to approximately 1,790 households having now returned to their locations of origin. All individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 240 individuals of the remaining caseload have additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support. Reports still indicate that 61 individuals have been killed and 56 sustained injuries, whilst at least 1,468 internally displaced persons (IDPs) have lost personal belongings and livestock. Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs remain non-food items, food and emergency shelter.



Demographics 4,165 211 (2%) (2%) 237 60+ Years (18%) 1,686 18 to 59 Years 761 (8%) 6 to 17 Years 1,706 (18%) (19%) 1,796 0 to 5 Years 1.487 (16%) (17%) 1,612

Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that the majority of IDPs in Dereige and Tulus villages intend to remain in the same place, whilst some IDPs located in Tuel village (where the conflict erupted) intend to remain at the same sites of their former homes and others wish to move to another location. IDPs located in Dika and Dagama villages intend to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation.





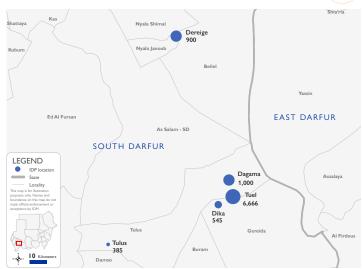












Shelter Indicator

Approximately 107 IDP households (7%) are sheltering in schools located in Tuel village, 370 households (24%) are staying with host communities in Tulus, Dika and Dagama villages, and 1,038 households (69%) are gathering in open areas of Tuel and Dereige



Vulnerabilities



IOM DISCLAIMER

The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or

IOM is committed to the principle that humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society. As an intergovernmental organization, IOM acts with its partners in the international community to: assist in the meeting of operational challenges of migration; advance understanding of migration issues; encourage social and economic development through migration; and uphold the human dignity and well-being of migrants.