



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

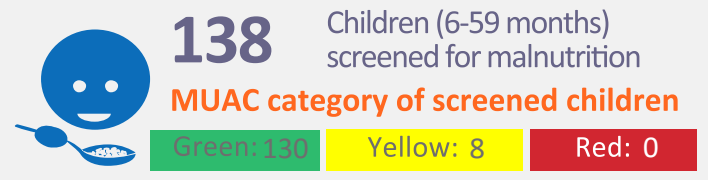
The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

ETT Report: No. 207 | 18 - 24 January 2021

MOVEMENTS



NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS

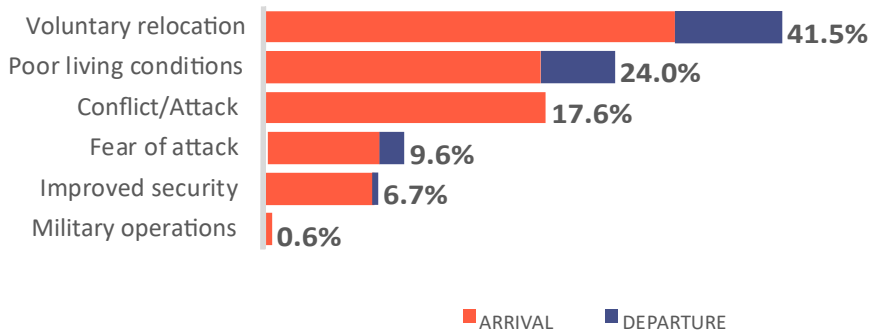


In the states Borno and Adamawa, a total of 1,878 movements were recorded, comprising 1,471 arrivals and 407 departures, between 18 and 24 January 2021. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Nigerian state of Borno. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of the Adamawa.

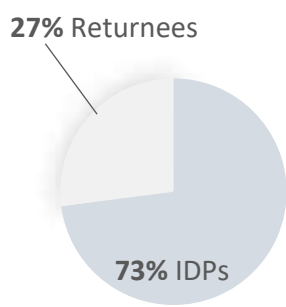
Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Bama and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno; Demsa, Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (779 individuals or 41.5%), poor living conditions (450 individuals or 24.0%), conflict/attack (331 individuals or 17.6%), fear of attack (180 individuals or 9.6%), improved security (126 individuals or 6.7%) and military operations (12 individuals or 0.6%).

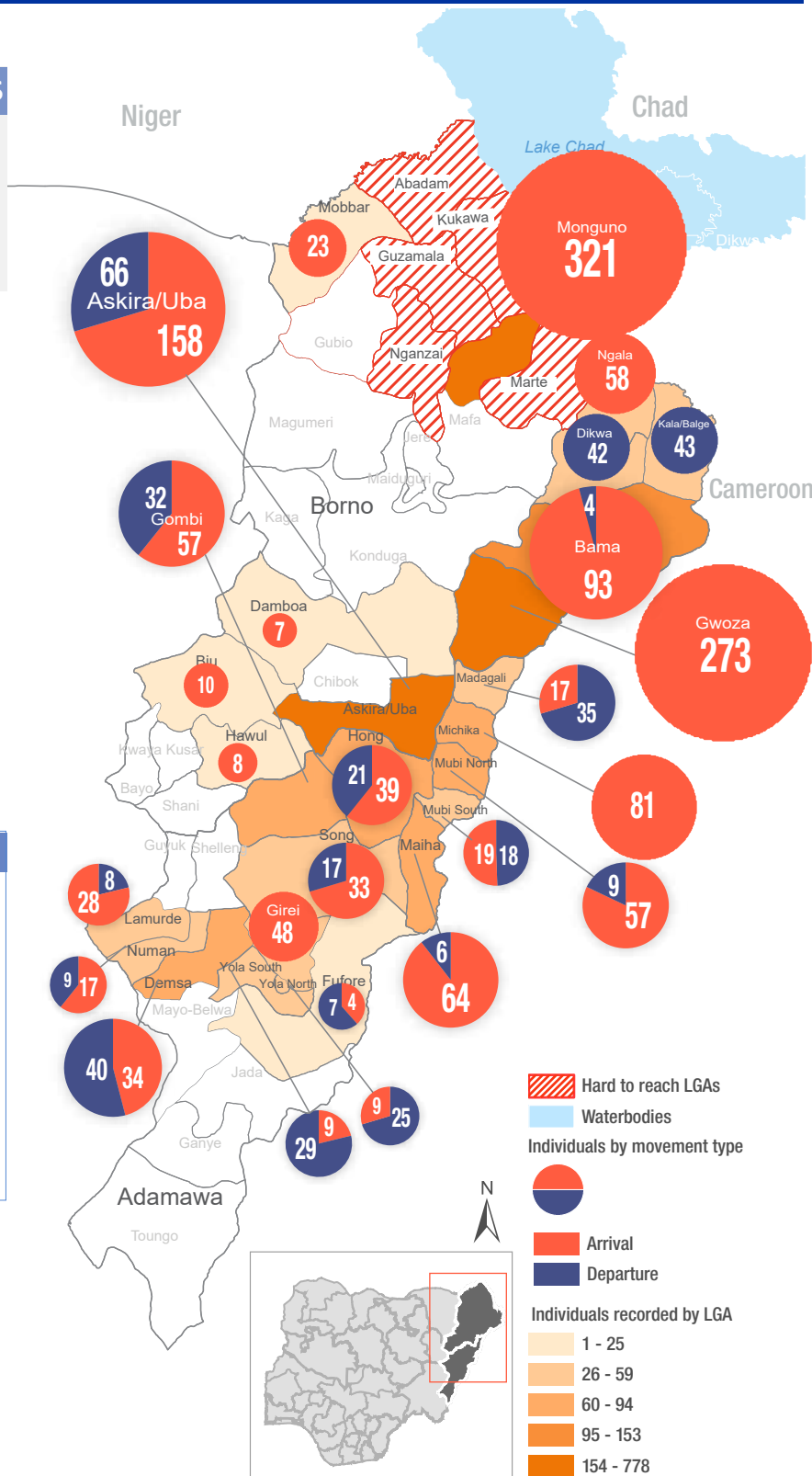
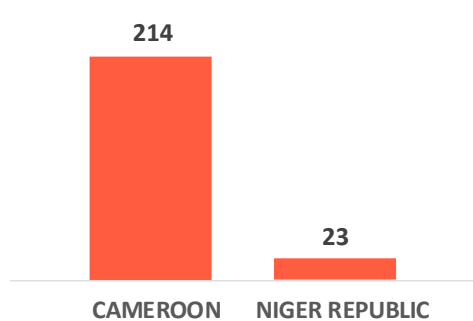
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



Affected Population



Arrivals from Neighbouring Countries



* Number of movements are counted as number of individuals
* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Monguno: 321 arrivals were recorded in Monguno LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 152 from Guzamala, 103 from Nganzai and 66 from Gubio LGAs of Borno state. All movements recorded were due to conflict/attack.

Gwoza: 273 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 100 from Gwoza LGA of Borno state, 72 from Marwa region in Cameroon, 54 from Fufore, 27 from Girei, 13 from Yola South and 7 from Hong LGAs of Adamawa state. Eighty-one per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by poor living conditions, 15 per cent relocated voluntarily and 4 per cent as a result of military operations.

Askira/Uba: 158 arrivals and 66 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 93 from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state, 27 from Kirfi LGA of Bauchi state, 19 from Maiha, 11 from Yola North LGAs of Adamawa state and 8 from Marwa region in Cameroon. The departures included 24 to Hong, 15 to Mubi North, 4 to Yola North LGAs of Adamawa state and 14 to Gwoza LGA of Borno state. Sixty-five per cent relocated due to fear of attack, 23 per cent of the movements were voluntary relocation, 8 per cent were triggered by poor living conditions and 4 per cent were a result of improved security.

Bama: 93 arrivals and 4 departures were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 56 from Marwa region in Cameroon and 37 from Bama LGA of Borno state. All departures were to Bama LGA of Borno state. Sixty-two per cent of the movements recorded in Bama LGA were voluntary relocation and 38 per cent were due to poor living conditions.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 138 children of 6-59 months. Of the 137 children screened, the MUAC reading was none in the red category, 8 were in the yellow category and 130 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 5 LGAs that we received reports from.

The results also include 48 children from neighbouring countries (9 in Bama, 1 in Dikwa, 10 in Gwoza, 9 in Mobbar and 19 in Ngala). Of all the 48 children measured, none was recorded in the red category, 45 in the green category and the remaining 3 in the yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	7	11	1	0	0	0	19
Dikwa	0	18	0	1	0	0	19
Gwoza	9	59	2	2	0	0	72
Mobbar	0	8	0	1	0	0	9
Ngala	0	18	0	1	0	0	19
Total	16	114	3	5	0	0	138

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 18 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Movement location			ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	GRAND TOTAL
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD			
ADAMAWA	GIREI	GERENG	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	KONKOL	20	-	20
	GOMBI	GARKIDA	BORNO	HAWUL	KWAJAJFFA/HANG	19	-	19
		GOMBI NORTH	ADAMAWA	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	18	-	18
		GOMBI SOUTH	BORNO	HAWUL	SHAFFA	-	21	21
			CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	20	-	20
	HONG	GARAHA	ADAMAWA	HONG	THILBANG	-	21	21
		UBA				19	-	19
	MADAGALI	GULAK	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	MIJILU	-	18	18
	MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	LASSA	-	19	19
	MICHIKA	MICHIKA I	ADAMAWA	SONG	SONG WAJE	23	-	23
		MODA/DLAKA		MADAGALI	GULAK	20	-	20
	MUBI NORTH	MIJILU	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	18	-	18
	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	BORNO	DIKWA	DIKWA	19	-	19
		MUGULBU	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	-	18	18
SONG	SONG GARI	ADAMAWA	JADA	YELLI	21	-	21	
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	CHUL/RUMIRGO	ADAMAWA	HONG	KWARHI	-	24	24
		LASSA		MAIHA	SAROU A	19	-	19
		UBA	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	CHUL/RUMIRGO	93	-	93
	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	56	-	56
		SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI	BORNO	BAMA	DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBE	32	-	32
	DIKWA	DIKWA	EKITI	ADO-EKITI	OKOYINMU	27	-	27
	GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	PARIYA	54	-	54
				GIREI	GIREI I	27	-	27
			BORNO	GWOZA	GAVVA	19	-	19
		PULKA/BOKKO	BORNO	GWOZA	LIMAN KARA	32	-	32
					ASHIGASHIYA	30	-	30
			CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	72	-	72
	KALA BALGE	RANN "A"	BORNO	NGALA	NGALA WARD	-	43	43
	MOBBAR	DAMASAK	NIGER REPUBLIC	DIFFA	SHETTIMARI	23	-	23
	MONGUNO	MONGUNO	BORNO	NGANZAI	GAJIRAM	103	-	103
				GUZAMALA	MODURI	86	-	86
				WAMIRI	66	-	66	
	GUBIO	GUBIO TOWN I	66	-	66			
NGALA	NGALA WARD	CAMEROON	MARWA	MAKARI	58	-	58	

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

For more information or to report an alert, please contact:

Henry Kwenin, DTM Project Coordinator: hkwenin@iom.int | +234 903 8852 524

Dave Bercasio, Emergency Coordinator: dbercasio@iom.int | +234 907 5070 001

DTM information products: <http://dtm.iom.int/nigeria>

