

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria

EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 202 | 14 - 20 December 2020

Arrivals:
1,229 individuals

Departures:
340 individuals

NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS

Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition

MUAC category of screened children

Green: 149

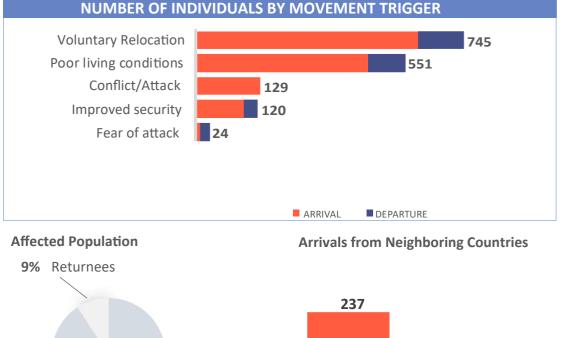
Yellow: 9

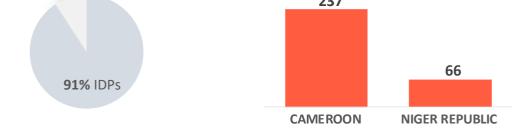
Red: 5

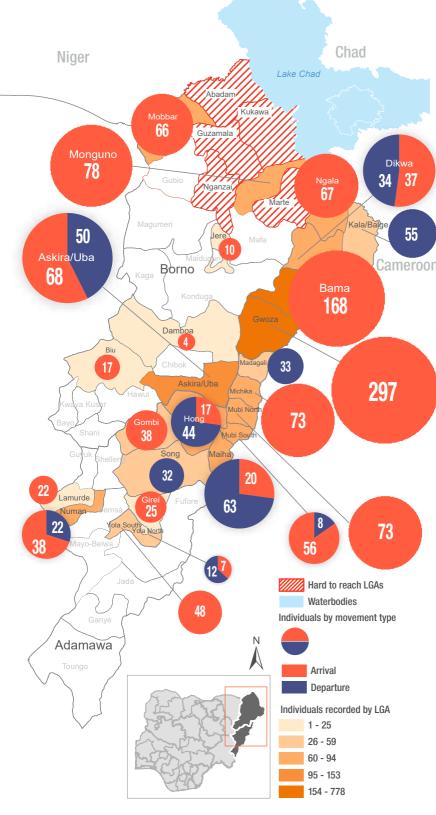
A total of 1,569 movements were recorded, comprising 1,229 arrivals and 340 departures, between 14 and 20 December 2020. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Dikwa, Gwoza, Jere, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most-affected Nigerian State of Borno. Arrivals were also recorded in Girei, Gombi, Hong, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of the state of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Damboa, Dikwa and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno; Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mubi South, Numan, Song and Yola North LGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (47.55%), poor living conditions (35.1%), conflict/attack (8.2%), improved security (7.6%) and fear of attack (1.5%).







* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Gwoza: 297 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 81 from Marwa region in Cameroon, 69 from Abuja Municipal Area Council LGA of the Federal Capital Territory, 64 from Fufore and 24 from Mubi South LGAs of Adamawa state, 30 from Askira/Uba, 21 from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council and 3 from Gwoza LGAs of Borno state and 5 from Bali LGA of Taraba state. 84 per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by poor living conditions, 8 per cent relocated voluntarily and the remaining 8 per cent relocated as a result of conflict/attack.

Askira/Uba: 68 arrivals and 50 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 38 from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state, 20 from Maiha, 4 from Hong LGA of Adamawa state and 6 from Karu LGA of Nasarawa state. The departures recorded included 30 to Gombi LGA of Adamawa state, 11 to Bama and 9 to Askira/Uba LGAs of Borno state. 34 per cent relocated due to poor living conditions, 32 per cent due to conflict/attack, 31 per cent relocated voluntarily and 3 per cent of the movements recorded were as a result of improved security, .

Bama: 168 arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 146 from Marwa region in Cameroon, 21 from Bama and 1 from Dikwa LGAs of Borno state. 63 per cent of the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions and 37 per cent were as a result of voluntary relocation.

Monguno: 78 arrivals were recorded in Monguno LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 28 from Guzamala, 20 from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, 18 from Kukawa and 12 from Nganzai LGA of Borno state. 38 per cent relocated due to poor living conditions, 36 per cent due to conflict/attack and 26 per cent relocated voluntarily.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 163 children of 6-59 months. Of the 163 children screened, the MUAC reading was 5 children (from accessible areas) in the Red category, 9 were in the Yellow category and 149 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 5 LGAs that we received reports from.

The results also include 82 children from neighboring countries (37 in Bama, 4 in Dikwa, 19 in Gwoza, 16 in Mobbar and 6 in Ngala). Of all the 82 children measured, 4 were recorded in the Red category, 73 in the Green category and the remaining 5 in the Yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

	MUAC Categories								
LGA	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		Total		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible			
Bama	4	32	0	1	0	4	41		
Dikwa	0	7	0	1	0	0	8		
Gwoza	1	75	0	5	0	1	82		
Mobbar	0	15	0	1	0	0	16		
Ngala	0	15	0	1	0	0	16		
Total	5	144	0	9	0	5	163		
	Nourished		Moderate /	Acute	Severe Acute Malnutrition				

Malnutrition (MAM)

(SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 16 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Movement location			ADDU (A)	DEDARTUE	GRAND
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE LGA		WARD	ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	TOTAL
ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GOMBI SOUTH	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	BAZZA	22	-	22
			BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	UBA	16	-	16
	HONG	GAYA	ADAMAWA	HONG	SHANGUI	-	17	17
	HONG	UBA	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	HAUSARI/ZADAWA	44	-	44
	LAMURDE	LAFIYA	GOMBE	KALTUNGO	TURE	-	22	22
	MADAGALI	GULAK	BORNO	GWOZA	BITA/IZGE	-	21	21
	MAIHA	SORAU A	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	LASSA	-	20	20
	MICHIKA	MADZI		MICHIKA	ZAH	19	-	19
		MICHIKA I	ADAMAWA	SONG	SONG WAJE	22	-	22
		MINKISI WURO NGIKI		GOMBI	GOMBINORTH	19	-	19
	NALIDI NIODTI I	DIGIL	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	HAUSARI/ZADAWA	18	-	18
	MUBI NORTH	LOKUWA	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	K/WURO GAYANDE	20	-	20
	MUBI SOUTH	LAMORDE	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	HAUSARI/ZADAWA	23	-	23
	SONG	SONG GARI	ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GOMBINORTH	-	21	21
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	HAUSARI/ZADAWA	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	HAUSARI/ZADAWA	38	-	38
		LASSA	45 44 44 44	MAIHA	SAROU A	20	-	20
		UBA	ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GOMBI SOUTH	-	16	16
	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	CAMEROON	MARWA	MAYO TSANGYA	62	-	62
		SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI	BORNO	BAMA	DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBE	21	-	21
			CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	84	-	84
	BIU	YAWI	BORNO	BIU	BURATAI	17	-	17
	GWOZA	GWOZA TOWN/GADAMAYO	ADAMAWA	MUBI SOUTH	NASARAWO	24	-	24
			BORNO	MAIDUGURI M.C	MAISANDARI	21	-	21
		GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	DAWARE	64	-	64
			BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	MAYO LADDE	30	-	30
		PULKA/BOKKO	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	81	-	81
			ABUJA	AMAC	WASSA	44	-	44
					GARKI	25	-	25
	KALA BALGE	RANN "A"	BORNO	NGALA	NGALA WARD	-	55	55
	MOBBAR	DAMASAK	NIGER REPUBLIC	DIFFA	SHETTIMARI	66	-	66
		MONGUNO	BORNO	GUZAMALA	GUDUMBALI	28	-	28
	MONGUNO			KUKAWA	KUKAWA	18	-	18
				MAIDUGURI M.C	MAISANDARI	20	-	20
	NGALA	NGALA WARD	BORNO	JERE	DUSUMAN	67	_	67

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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