

COVID-19 Point of Entry Dashboard 21:North East Nigeria.



KEY FIGURES



213 ⅓→

OVERVIEW

IOM DTM in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO) and the state Ministry of Health have been conducting monitoring of individuals moving into Nigeria's conflict-affected northeastern states of Adamawa and Borno under pillar four (Points of entry) of COVID 19 preparedness and response planning guidelines.

During the period 03 - 09 October 2020, 213 movements were observed at Ten Points of Entries in Adamawa and Borno states. Of the total movements recorded, 30 were incoming from Extreme Nord, 13 from Nord, 1 from Centre in Cameroon and 2 from N'Djamena in Chad Republic.

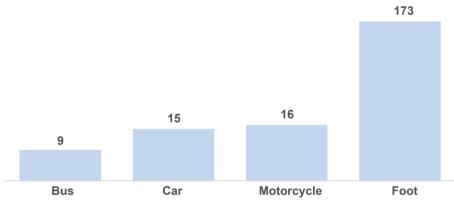
A range of data was collected during the assessment to better inform on migrants' nationalities, gender, reasons for moving, mode of transportation and timeline of movement as shown in Figures 1 to 4 below:

MAIN NATIONALITIES OBSERVED (FIG. 1) **GENDER** (FIG. 2) 3%_{5%} ■ Nigerien Cameroonain 92% Nigerian

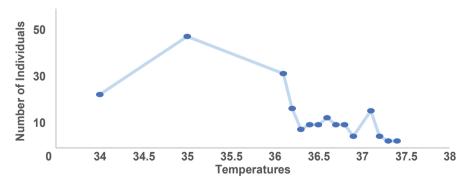
REASONS FOR MOVEMENT (FIG. 3)

Reason for Movement	Number of Individuals	In Percentage
Health Condition	1	0.47%
Short Term Local Movement	1	0.47%
Economic Migration	12	5.63%
Family visit	17	7.98%
Movement Due to Fear of COVID	23	10.80%
Seasonal	159	74.65%
Grand Total	213	100.00%

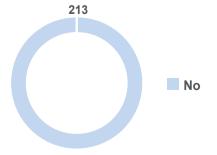
MODE OF TRANSPORTATION (FIG. 4)

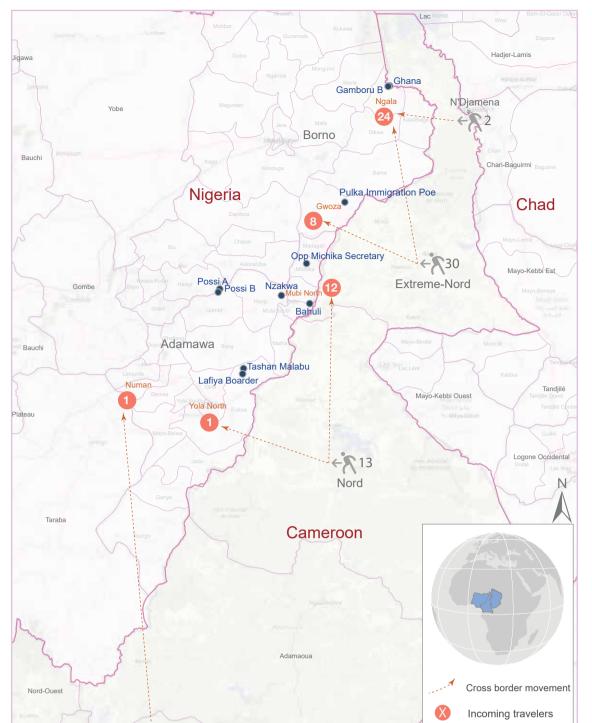


TEMPERATURES TAKEN (FIG. 5)









SOURCE: ESRI, IOM & OPENSTREETMAP (OSM)

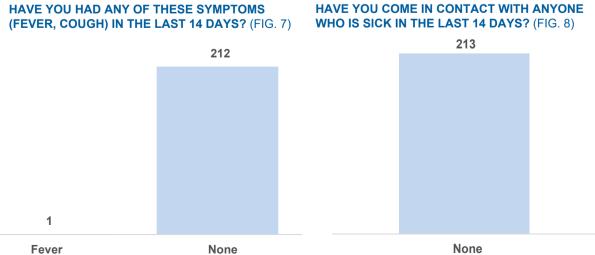
The map is for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or accpetance of such boundaries by IOM.

PASSENGERS HEALTH SCREENING

Centre

Through interviews with travelers by enumerators at Points of Entry, information was obtained from travelers' points of departures, intended destination, vulnerabilities, temperatures, reasons for moving and mode of transport. Additional questions concerning the COVID-19 pandemic were asked to determine if travelers exhibit any symptoms of coronavirus; if they had come in contact with anyone who exhibiting such symptoms or might have died from it.

Furthermore, the assesment was to check if travelers had taken any medications in the last 24 hours and also to know if they are aware of the authorities to call in case of emergencies. The results are shown in figures 5 to 8.



"When quo ng, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the informa on men oned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the Interna onal Organiza on for Migra on (IOM), October 2020"







Points of Entry

Main roads

Neighboring countries