

## Displacement Tracking Matrix - MOZAMBIQUE COVID-19 PREPAREDNESS ASSESSMENT IN THE RESETTLEMENT SITES IN MANICA, SOFALA, TETE AND ZAMBEZIA PROVINCES - REPORT 10

(September 2020)



Key DTM figures in the sites (MSLA Round 15)1



73 resettlement sites



19.575 IDP households 16,953 by Cyclone Idai

2,622 by floods



93,804 IDPs

81,734 by Cyclone Idai 12,070 by floods



6 migrant workers have returned from South Africa and joined their families in the resettlement sites

The current outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in a global pandemic, heightening the risk to vulnerable populations, internally displaced people and people on the move. On 22 March 2020, the Government of Mozambique officially declared the first positive COVID-19 case. In late March, South Africa declared a lockdown due to the spread of COVID-19, which prompted over 14,000 Mozambican migrants to return home from South Africa, through the Ressano Garcia border, within a span of a few days<sup>2</sup>. This further heightened the risks and concerns over the spread of the virus in Mozambique, in particular for vulnerable populations such as Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs).

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in collaboration with the Government of Mozambique's National Disaster Management Agency (INGC) conducted an assessment in the resettlement sites from 8 to 11 September 2020, with the sole purpose to inform government and humanitarian partners on preparedness levels and precautionary measures currently available in resettlement sites hosting populations displaced by Cyclone Idai. The information gathered is intended to help partners plan interventions. This information will further allow partners to identify recommended health and site preparation measures to prevent and contain an outbreak in the resettlement sites in the central region.

In the past month, among the 73 resettlement sites assessed, three sites (Maximedje, Mdhala and Muconja all in Sofala province) reported the arrival of six Mozambican migrant workers returning from South Africa. All sites reported a noticeable change in people's behaviours and habits to better prevent COVID-19.

Actions on COVID-19 prevention and control taken in almost all sites

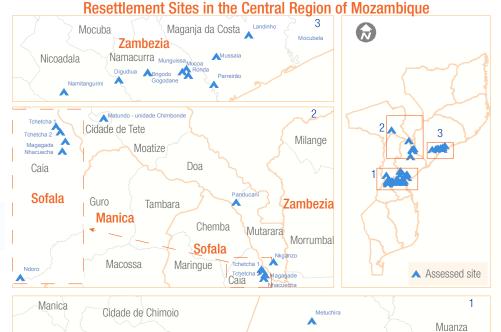


Reportedly, people living in all the sites have been informed of COVID-19 precaution measures



Did any family or individuals depart the site because of COVID-19?







The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply

ent on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM

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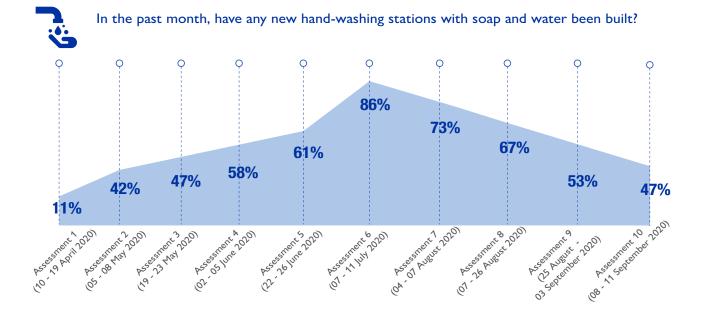
### Preparedness measures and facilities

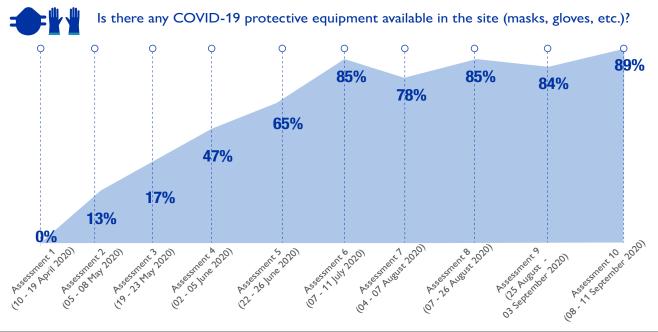
In 97 per cent of the assessed sites key informants reported that sites were taking actions to prevent the spread of COVID-19 within the site. The two sites reporting that no action was taken for the prevention and control of COVID-19 are situated in Nhamatanda district in Sofala province (Metuchira and Ndedja 1).

Forty-seven per cent of the assessed sites reported that new hand-washing stations have been built in the past month. Since the peak in construction of new hand-washing stations in July 2020, there has been a continued decrease in the number of newly built hand-washing stations. This trend could possibly signal that sites now have sufficient hand-washing facilities.

Compared to the previous assessment, a slightly higher number of sites reported the availability of COVID-19 protective equipment, such as masks or gloves, in the resettlement site. Specifically, during this assessment, 65 out of 73 assessed sites (89% compared to 84% in the previous assessment) reported the availability of COVID-19 protective equipment, the highest number to date, as illustrated in the graph below. Half of the sites without available COVID-19 protective equipment (4 out of 8) are situated in Sofala province, while the remaining ones are located in Tete (3 sites) and Manica (1 site). It is also noteworthy that all three resettlement sites assessed in Tete province reported the lack of COVID-19 protective equipment. Local government, INGC, IOM and Red Cross have been mentioned as the main actors providing COVID-19 protective equipment to the resettlement sites.

Finally, it is noticeable that none of the sites have an available isolation space in the event of a suspected COVID-19 case.











## Observed changes in people's behaviours and habits

All the focal points reported that they have noticed changes in people's behaviours and habits to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Specifically, interviewed key informants reported the following changes: site residents wearing face masks (97% of sites, the sole exceptions being Panducani site in Tete province and Namitangurini site in Zambezia province), more frequent hand hygiene (88%), keeping distance in queues, at water points and other gatherings (79%), and reduced mass gatherings (40%).

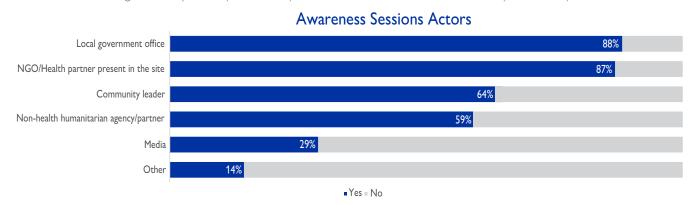
## Reported noticeable changes in people's behaviours and habits to prevent the spread of COVID-19



#### Awareness raising

Reportedly, people living in all the sites have been informed about COVID-19 preventive measures. Moreover, in all sites awareness sessions have been held to inform the IDPs residing in the site about COVID-19 preventive measures.

As indicated in the graph below, the main actors involved in informing the resettlement site population about COVID-19 preventive measures have been the local government office (in 64 assessed sites, 88%), NGOs and health partners working at the site (63 sites, 87%), community leaders (47 sites, 64%), non-health humanitarian agencies and partners (43 sites, 59%), the media (21 sites, 29%) and other actors (10 sites, 14%).









# Annex 1: Preparedness Matrix for Resettlement Sites in Central Mozambique

Province	District	Site name	Were there any actions for COVID-19 prevention and control taken in the site?		Were there any awareness sessions held in the site to inform people of the COVID-19 preauction measures?	In the past month, any new hand washing station with soap and water was built?	Any of the COVID-19 protective equipment available in the site (masks, gloves, etc.)?	Is there isolation space available in the site?	behaviours and
Manica	Sussundenga	25 de Setembro Bairro da unidade Chibue Chibue Mateo Chiruca Gudza Javera Machacuari Macocoe Madibunhana Magaro Magueba Manhama I Manhama I Manhama 2 Manhandure Materara Metchisso Minas Gerais Muchai Muchambanha Muchai Muchambanha Muconbe Muoco Chiguendere (Madudo) Mutassa Nigurue Nhamississua Nhanhemba I Nhanhemba I Nhanhemba 2 Tossene Choma Zibuia Zichaio	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes	No	Yes
Sofala	Buzi	Bandua 2019 Bandua sede Begaja Chingemidji Estaquinha sede Inhajou 2019 Machonjova Maximedje Maxiquiri 2 Maxiquiri alto 3 Maxiquiri alto/Maxiquiri 1 Mussocosa Nhamacunta	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No	Yes
	Caia Chibabava	Magagade Ndoro Nhacuecha Tchetcha 1 Tchetcha 2 Chicuaxa Geromi Macarate Mdhala	Yes	Yes	Yes	No Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No Yes No Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No N	Yes
	Dondo Nhamatanda	Muconja Mandruzi Mutua Savane 7 Abril - Cura Metuchira	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes No Yes No Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
		Ndedja_I	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Tete	Cidade De Tete Mutarara Maganja Da Costa	Matundo - unidade Chimbonde Nkganzo Panducani Landinho Mussaia Parreirão Brigodo	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No No	No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
Zambezia	Namacurra	ongodo Gogodane Mucoa Munguissa Roigudiua Digudiua	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
	Nicoadala	Namitangurini	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes





