

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria

EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 187 | 31 August - 06 September 2020

Arrivals:
1,279 individuals

Departures:
386 individuals

NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS

Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition

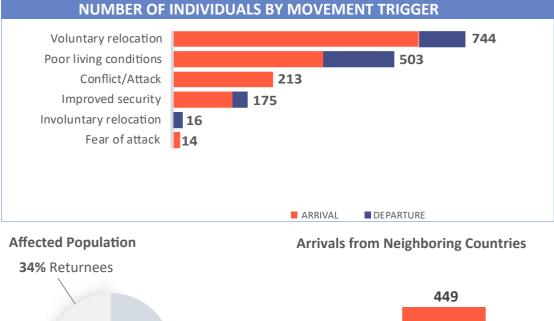
MUAC category of screened children

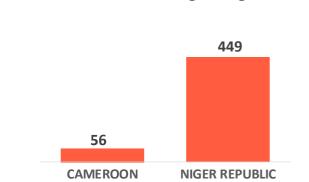
Green: 127 Yellow: 9 Red: 6

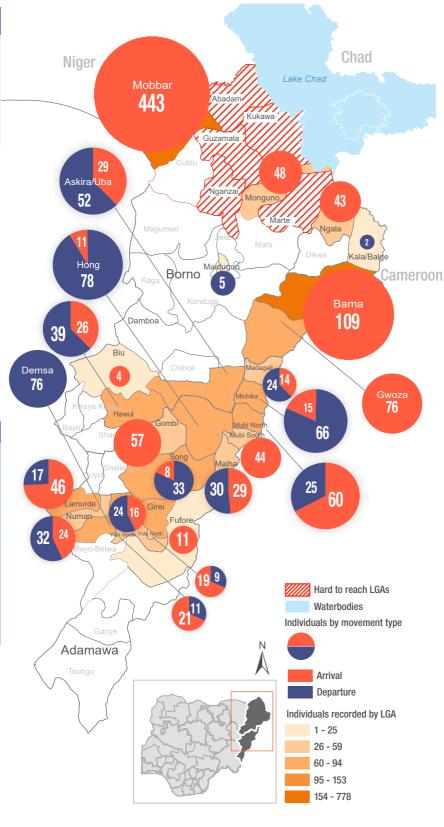
A total of 1,665 movements were recorded, comprising 1,279 arrivals and 386 departures, between 31 August and 6 September 2020. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Gwoza, Hawul, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most-affected Nigerian State of Borno. Arrivals were also recorded in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of the state of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Hawul, Kala/Balge and Maiduguri Metropolitan Council LGAs of Borno; Demsa, Girei, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola SouthLGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (44.7%), poor living conditions (30.2%), conflict/atack (12.8%), improved security (10.5%), involuntary relocation (1.0%) and fear of attack (0.8%).







* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

66% IDPs

Mobbar: 443 arrivals were recorded in Mobbar LGA of Borno state. All 443 arrivals were from Diffa region in Niger Republic. 61 per cent of the movements recorded were as a result of voluntary relocation and 39 per cent were triggered by conflict/attack.

Bama: 109 arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 67 from Bama LGA of Borno state and 42 from Marwa region in Cameron. 61 per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by poor living conditions while the remaining 39 per cent relocated voluntarily.

Hong: 78 arrivals and 11 departures were recorded in Hong LGA of Adamawa state. The arrivals included 45 from Hong, 17 from Michika and 16 from Mubi North LGAs of Adamawa state and all departures were from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. 88 per cent relocated voluntarily and 12 per cent of the movements were due to improved security.

Mubi North: 60 arrivals and 25 departures were recorded in Mubi North LGA of Adamawa state. The arrivals included 37 from Madagali, 16 from Hong and 7 from Yola North LGAs of Adamawa state and departures recorded were 18 from Mubi South and 7 from Hong LGAs of Adamawa state. 51 per cent relocated voluntarily and the remaining 49 per cent relocated as a result of poor living conditions.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 142 children of 6-59 months. Of the 142 children screened, the MUAC reading was 6 children (6 from Accessible areas) in the Red category, 9 were in the Yellow category and 127 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 4 LGAs that we received reports from.

The results also include 103 children from neighboring countries (19 in Bama, 2 in Gwoza, 71 in Mobbar and 11 in Ngala). Of all the 103 children measured, 6 children was recorded in the Red category, 88 in the Green category and the remaining 9 in the Yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

| | MUAC Categories | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|-------|--|--|
| LGA | Green (>12.5cm) | | Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm) | | Red (<11.5cm) | | Total | | |
| | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | | | |
| Bama | 21 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 43 | | |
| Gwoza | 2 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | | |
| Mobbar | 0 | 59 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 71 | | |
| Ngala | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 | | |
| Total | 23 | 104 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 6 | 142 | | |
| Nourished Moderate Acute Severe Acute Malnu | | | | | | | | | |

Malnutrition (MAM)

(SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 15 persons are listed below

| Tracking location | | | Movement loca | Movement location | | | DEDARTURE | GRAND |
|-------------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------|
| STATE | LGA | WARD | STATE | LGA | WARD | AKKIVAL | DEPARTURE | TOTAL |
| ADAMAWA | GOMBI | GARKIDA | BORNO | HAWUL | KWAYA-BUR/TANGA RUMTA | 18 | - | 18 |
| | GOIVIBI | GOMBI SOUTH | ADAMAWA | GANYE | SUGU | 25 | - | 25 |
| | HONG | GARAHA | | MICHIKA | MICHIKA I | 17 | - | 17 |
| | | UBA | ADAMAWA | HONG | BANGSHIKA | 15 | - | 15 |
| | | HILDI | ADAIVIAWA | MUBI NORTH | VIMTIM | 16 | - | 16 |
| | | MAYO LOPE | | HONG | GARAHA | 18 | - | 18 |
| | MICHIKA | MICHIKA I | | MICHIKA | MADZI | - | 15 | 15 |
| | | WICHINAT | ADAMAWA | GOMBI | GOMBI NORTH | 30 | - | 30 |
| | | BAZZA MARGI | | MUBI NORTH | BETSO | 15 | - | 15 |
| | MUBI NORTH | BAHULI | ADAMAWA | MUBI SOUTH | LAMORDE | - | 18 | 18 |
| | | LOKUWA | ADAIVIAVVA | MADAGALI | GULAK | 27 | - | 27 |
| | MUBI SOUTH | LAMORDE | ADAMAWA | MUBI NORTH | BAHULI | 18 | - | 18 |
| | | GUDE | BORNO | GWOZA | GWOZA TOWN GADAMAYO | 26 | - | 26 |
| | NUMAN | SABON PEGI | ADAMAWA | NUMAN | WADUKU | - | 17 | 17 |
| | | | ADAIVIAVVA | DEMSA | KPASHAM | 18 | - | 18 |
| | SONG | SONG WAJE | ADAMAWA | SONG | ZUMO | - | 18 | 18 |
| | GIREI | GIREII | ADAMAWA | GIREI | GIREI II | - | 16 | 16 |
| | LAMURDE | LAMURDE | | GUYUK | DUMNA | - | 17 | 17 |
| | | WADLIKII | ADAMAWA | LAMURDE | SUWA | 18 | - | 18 |
| | | WADUKU | | NUMAN | SABON PAGI | 17 | - | 17 |
| | DEMSA | DEMSA | ADAMAWA | DEMSA | DWAM | - | 18 | 18 |
| | | TIKKA | ADAIVIAVVA | | NASSARAWO DEMSA | - | 20 | 20 |
| BORNO | ASKIRA/UBA | WAMDEO / GIWI | BORNO | ASKIRA/UBA | HUSARA/TAMPUL | 27 | - | 27 |
| | | ZADAWA / HAUSARI | BONNO | ASKINAJOBA | NGOHI | - | 41 | 41 |
| | GWOZA | PULKA/BOKKO | BORNO | KONDUGA | AUNO/CHABBOL | 40 | - | 40 |
| | | | | GWOZA | PULKA/BOKKO | 15 | - | 15 |
| | MOBBAR | DAMASAK | NIGER REPUBLIC | DIFFA | SHETTIMARI | 272 | - | 272 |
| | | | WIGEN NEP OBLIC | | GAMARI | 171 | - | 171 |
| | BAMA | SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI | BORNO | BAMA | DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBE | 51 | | 51 |
| | DAIVIA | | | | SABSABWA/SOYE/BULONGU | 16 | - | 16 |
| | BAMA | BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE | CAMEROON | MARWA | MAYO TSANGYA | 36 | - | 36 |
| | MONGUNO | MONGUNO | BORNO | MAGUMERI | MAGUMERI | 36 | - | 36 |
| | NGALA | NGALA WARD | CHAD | NJAMAINA | BOL | 43 | - | 43 |
| | 11010/11 | KWAJAFFA/HANG | BORNO | ASKIRA/UBA | NGULDE | - | 25 | 25 |
| | HAWUL | | | BIU | BAYAN TASHA | 26 | - | 26 |

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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