CYCLONE KENNETH

COVID-19 PREPAREDNESS ASSESSMENT IN THE RESETTLEMENT SITES CABO DELGADO AND NAMPULA PROVINCES, MOZAMBIQUE



IOM MOZAMBIQUE / CABO DELGADO

12 MAY 2020

KEY FIGURES





5 sites assessed



0 sites have temperature device



Only 1 of 5 sites reported having safety gears





0 sites have isolation spaces



0 sites have access to health facilities

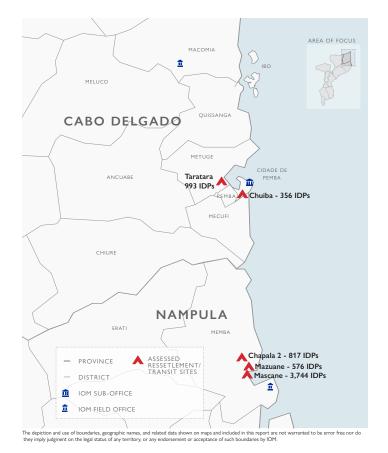
The current outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in a global pandemic, heightening the risk to vulnerable populations, internally displaced people and people on the move. On 22 March 2020, the Government of Mozambique officially declared the first positive COVID-19 case, and since then the caseload has increased to 104 as of 12 May 2020; according to the Ministry of Health 74 of these cases are in Cabo Delgado.

Concern about the potential spread of COVID-19 in Mozambique was elevated in late March, when according to Mozambique's National Migration Service (SENAMI) over 14,000 Mozambican migrants returned from South Africa over the Ressano Garcia border within a span of a few days, as South Africa declared lockdown due to COVID-19, further heightening the risk to vulnerable population especially the internally displaced population.

COVID-19 PREVENTION MEASURES

In response to this pandemic, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in collaboration with the Government of Mozambique conducted an assessment in the resettlement sites in Cabo Delgado and Nampula Provinces from 27 to 30 April 2020, with the sole purpose to inform the government and humanitarian partners on the preparedness and precautionary measures that are available in resettlement sites hosting displaced populations since Cyclone Kenneth. The information gathered will help decision-makers to plan interventions as well as recommend health and site preparations measures for outbreak prevention and containment in the resettlement sites in the northern region.

Monitoring and coordination mechanisms on sites are crucial for case management, information and preparedness and response activities, in particular in light of the COVID-19 outbreak.



As of the date of the assessment and while there is a presence of site management mobile teams and referral pathways, there are no permanent site management agencies on the 5 sites, hosting 1,339 households or 6,486 individuals. All the resettlement sites (100%) reported that there are no temperature measuring devices available on site or in the clinics. When asked if basic COVID-19 basic safety gears (masks, gloves, etc.) are available on site, only 20% (1 in 5 sites) reported having any kind of PPE. None of the sites assessed has an isolation space for sick or infected people to be quarantined/treated.



PREPAREDNESS MATRIX FOR RESSETLEMENT SITES IN CABO DELGADO AND NAMPULA PROVINCES

Province	District	Site Name	Were there any actions for COVID- 19 prevention and control taken in the site?	Were people living in the site informed of the COVID-19 precaution measures?	Were there any awareness sessions held in the site to inform people of the COVID-19 precaution measures?	In the past month, have any new hand washing station with soap and water been built?	gloves	Is there a temperature measuring device available in the site or in the clinic?	Is there isolation space available in the site?	Total households	Total individuals
Nampula	Memba	Mazuane	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	155	576
	Memba	Mascane	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	761	3.744
	Memba	Chapala 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	136	817
Nampula Total										1,052	5,137
Cabo Delgado	Metuge	Tratara	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	221	993
	Pemba	Chuiba	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	66	356
Cabo Delgado Total										287	1,349
Grand Total										1,339	6,486

Funded by:









 $\label{lem:condition} \textit{Creation date: 12 May 2020 } | \textit{Source: IOM DTM} | \textit{Feedback: DTMMozambique@iom.int} | \textit{Displacement.iom.int/Mozambique} | @IOM_Mozambique | @IOM_Mozambique | @IOM_Mozambique | @IOM_Mozambique | @IOM$

