

Flow Monitoring: EVD Preparedness

March 2020

Publication: 15 May 2020



30,258 incoming individual journeys surveyed 3.4 average group¹ size

As part of IOM's Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) preparedness activities, DTM operates Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) on the borders with Uganda (UGA), the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and the Central African Republic (CAR). In total, 21 EVD-dedicated FMPs were active in March, of which six were deactivated at the end of the month following

de-prioritisation. This dashboard highlights key entry routes to South Sudan (SSD) and presents the demographic profile of people surveyed on arrival from the three neighbouring countries at risk of EVD transmission. Participation in the survey is voluntary and the data collected is only indicative of actual flows.



50.1% on foot 15.2% motorbike

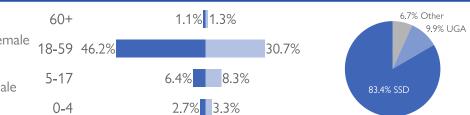




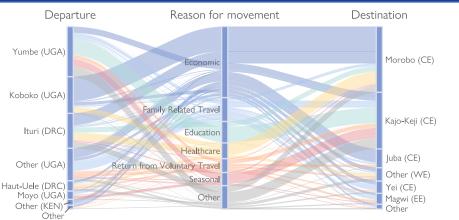
12.1% taxi/car

22.5% other

F.1 Demographic distribution and nationality of respondents



F.2 Flows into South Sudan by reason for travel











Key insights

- The number of incoming individual journeys surveyed in March decreased by 11.9% relative to February.
- 70.0% of respondents departed from Uganda, 24.9% from DRC (76.7% of whom from Ituri) and 5.1% from other countries.
- 38 individual journeys were recorded from DRC territories that reported cases of EVD during the current outbreak, though none of these came from health zones with active cases during the last 42 days (WHO). In addition, 27 individuals came from Kasese district in Uganda.

- 10.3% of respondents reported Juba County as their intended destination.
- 38.9% came to South Sudan for economic reasons, 13.1% for family-related reasons and 11.7% to access education.
- 13.4% of women and girls travelled to access healthcare, compared to 4.8% of men and boys. This highlights the key role played by women as carers in the community.
- Most movement is circular, with 70.2% of respondents intending to stay a week or less in South Sudan.

Surveyed flows to South Sudan from territories (DRC) / districts (UGA) that reported cases of EVD during the current outbreak²

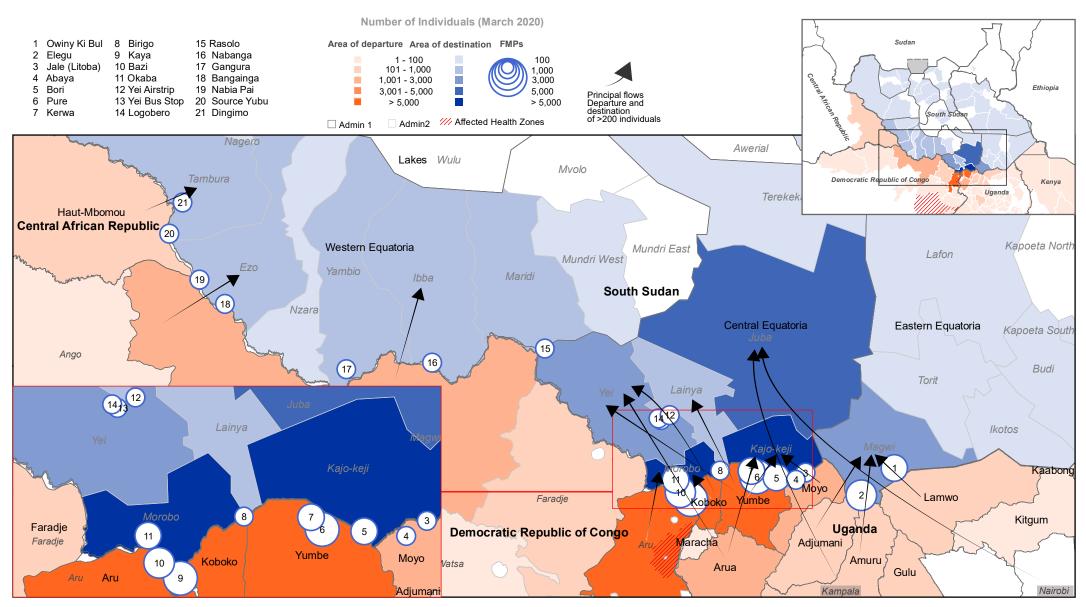
Departure (territory, district)	FMP name	Destination (county)	No. individual journeys surveyed
Kasese (UGA)	Elegu	Juba	23
Ariwara (DRC)	Bazi	Yei	14
Ariwara (DRC)	Gangura	Yambio	8
Djugu (DRC)	Elegu	Juba	4
Irumu (DRC))	Elegu	Juba	3
Ariwara (DRC)	Kaya	Yei	3
Irumu (DRC	Bangaingai	Ezo	2
Butembo (DRC)	Elegu	Juba	2
Kasese (UGA)	Elegu	Magwi	2
Kasese (UGA)	Elegu	Torit	2
Irumu (DRC)	Elegu	Yambio	2

Notes: [1] Individuals travelling together are surveyed as a group, which usually corresponds to the household. [2] These include territories that were affected since the beginning of the outbreak but none recorded cases during the past 42 days. [Rounding] Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding error.



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Note: The boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the Government of the Republic of South Sudan or IOM. This map is for planning purposes only. IOM

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