DTM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX COLOMBIA



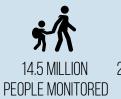


WHAT IS DTM?

A multi-instrument displacement tracking tool to provide a panorama on the general situation and specific characteristics of migratory flows, including people who are in transit, crossing the border, and staying in a given country.









2.000 DATA GATHERERS IN THE FIELD **EXPERTS IN THE FIELD**

DTM APPLICATION IN COLOMBIA

Applied from Oct. to Dec. 2016 in 3 MUNICIPALITIES to track returned men, women, and children of all socioeconomic levels, normal residents, and people crossing the Venezuelan border.

INSTRUMENTS USED:



BASELINE

Identify affected sites in each municipality General info from local leaders



SITE EVALUATION

Gather data in 47 sites on number of people in transit who stay in Colombia, access to services, humanitarian needs



FLOW MONITORING

Understand dimension and demographic characteristics of flows (sex, nationality, age), observations on protection



MIGRANT SURVEYS

Details on individual travel, demographics, education, place of origin, job situation, reasons for moving, plans, protection and exploitation



161.091 PEOPLE ENTERED 195.229 PEOPLE EXITED

CÚCUTA Official cross<u>ings</u> MONITORED 64 HOURS 50,581 PEOPLE EXITED

DTM MIGRATION FLOW MONITORING BEHAVIOR VARIED AT THE 12 CROSSINGS MONITORED

ARAUCA

OFFICIAL CROSSINGS

MONITORED 24 HOURS 4,088 PEOPLE ENTERED 3.396 PEOPLE EXITED

WERE ALSO MONITORED 140 HOURS

60% OF PEOPLE WHO USED UNOFFICIAL

#BASIC INFO ON THE BORDER:

AUG. 2015: 22.432 Colombians return and 1.950 are deported after VZLA gov't declares constitutional state of exception

2012-2016: 2,456,616 people entered Colombia 2,475,026 exited



70% COLOMBIANS 26% VENEZUELANS 4% OTHER



2.687 PEOPLE ENTERED 3.359 PEOPLE EXITED

CROSSINGS WERE MEN AND BOYS

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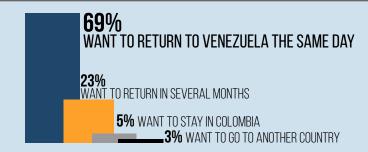


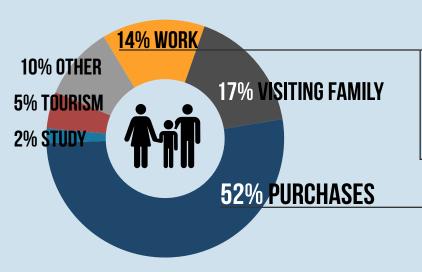




RESULTS FROM 745 DTM SURVEYS WITH MIGRANTS

DO PEOPLE WANT TO STAY?





INDUSTRY TRANSPORTATION OTHER

> 81% PFOPI F ARF INTERESTED IN BUYING: (can select multiple) **BASIC FAMILY BASKET**

19% **CLEANING PRODUCTS** **16**%

MEDICINE

CAN PEOPLE ACCESS BASIC SERVICES? RESULTS FROM 5,378 PEOPLE SURVEYED AT 47 SITES MONITORED

Services are seriously overburdened in vulnerable areas and are not prepared should a massive number of people arrive.

Characteristics of the people surveyed



43% COLOMBIAN **33%** VENEZUELAN 24% COLOMBO-VENEZUELAN



42% ARRIVED 2015 **34%** ARRIVED 2016 SEM. 1 **24%** ARRIVED 2016 SEM. 2



ARRIVALS HAVE DECREASED 13% SINCE 2015

DO THE 47 SITES HAVE ACCESS TO...



EDUCATION

36% of sites do not have access to education

28% less than half OF SITES of population is educated



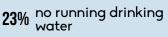
NUTRITION

89% don't receive food support

Some sites receive support from the WFP and Pastoral Social



WATER & SANITATION



62% no sewer systems

34% no sanitary or bathroom facilities

no basic sanitation or garbage



PROTECTION

19% - 38% of female vouth 17 and under at sites are pregnant or lactating



HEALTH

18 OF 33

urban sites do not have access

8 OF 14 rural sites do not have access