



Cross border flow monitoring points

- Official crossing point
- Unofficial crossing point
- Bus Station

These maps are for illustration purposes only, names and boundaries on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM, its Member States or the US Government

Thailand



Ranong province



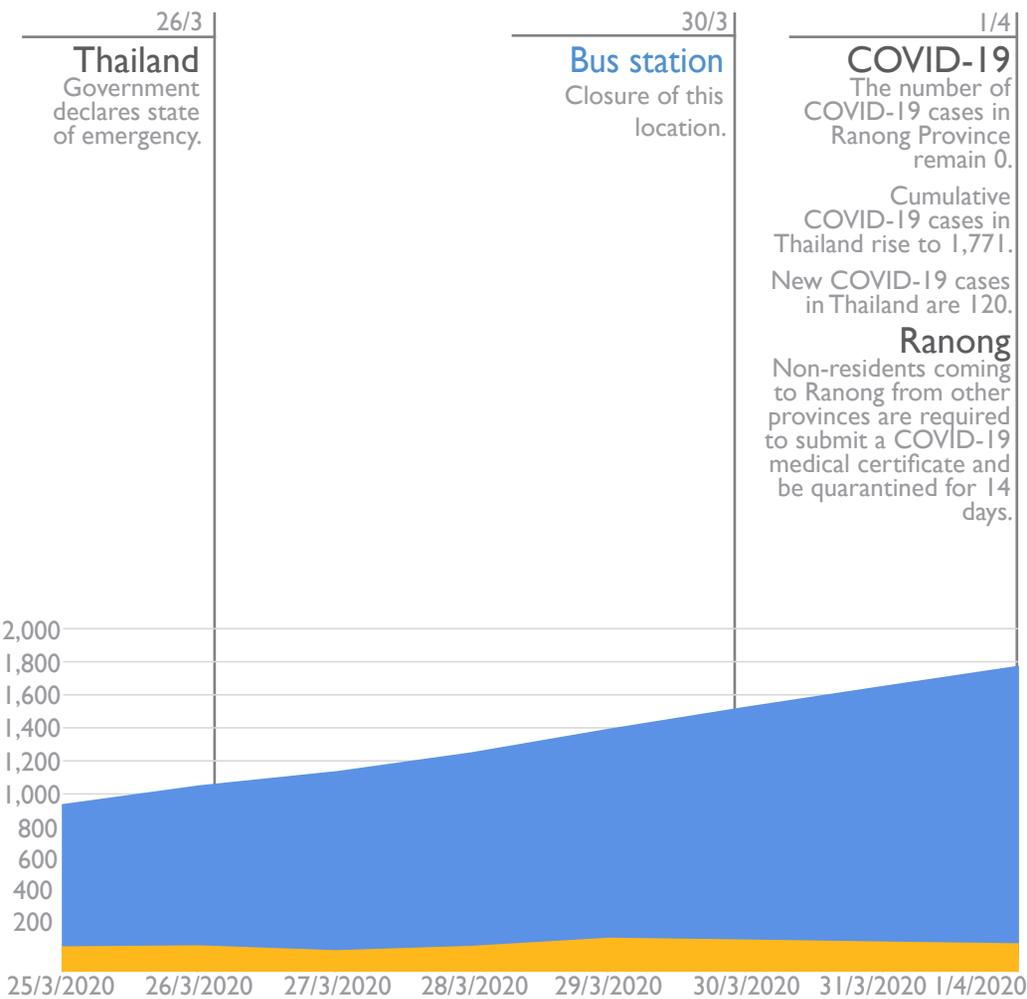
Locations in Ranong Mueang District



Locations in Kra Buri District



New and cumulative number of COVID-19 cases in Thailand and policy responses in Ranong Province



- New COVID-19 cases in Thailand
- Cumulative COVID-19 cases in Thailand

Source for COVID-19 data: World Health Organization (WHO) 2020. Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) Thailand Situation Report – 1 April 2020. [Link](#)

Since January 2020, IOM has been monitoring migration flows between Thailand and Myanmar across five different locations in Ranong province, Thailand. This report was produced with secondary data from government sources and primary data collected during observation at each location and counting at Saphan Pla and Hua Thanon.

Stranded migrants are here defined as migrants who want to return to their home country but are unable to do so due to border restrictions and regulations.

26/3
Thailand
Government declares state of emergency.

30/3
Bus station
Closure of this location.

1/4
COVID-19
The number of COVID-19 cases in Ranong Province remain 0.
Cumulative COVID-19 cases in Thailand rise to 1,771.
New COVID-19 cases in Thailand are 120.
Ranong
Non-residents coming to Ranong from other provinces are required to submit a COVID-19 medical certificate and be quarantined for 14 days.



24 | Stranded migrants

Counted across 5 locations between March 25th and April 1st.



46% MEN



49% WOMEN



5% CHILDREN

94%



of the total stranded migrants were counted at [Saphan Pla](#).

When asked about their plans for the future most stranded migrants reported the intention to stay in Ranong province and wait to cross to Myanmar regularly.

Number of stranded migrants per day

